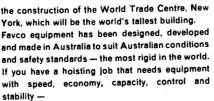


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THE NAVY

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Page Two

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CARIBBEAN VAGABOND

By TOM CRICHTON

Publisher: Robert Hale Limited, London (our copy supplied by Hicks Smith & Sons Pty, itd, Sydney. Price \$3.25. 207 pages. Published: January, 1969.

Review by "IKARA"

When the yacht-chartering season misprints. Again, the dustjacket criptions of the West Indies and of came to an end in the Mediterrathe West Indies. This book tells of his adventures on the way, his just rely on the dustiacket). experiences in the West Indies, and the return journey across the commended for its fascinating des-interest to a book such as this. Atlantic.

As a straight-out narrative book is superb. The author's cro on the way over were an Americ would-be bullfighter, an Engl Divinity student and two ha drinking seamen-a Finn and Dane, (The dust-jacket, incidtally, calls them "two rumbustic Swedes"). The adventures of il little band are faithfully record by the author.

When he arrived at St. Thom in the Virgin Islands, Crichto after an initial set-to with offici dom, settled down to the busin of chartering his yacht to tourists. His descriptions of arious islands in the West Inc which he visited are first cla evoking in me a strong desire isit all these, places. (A lot he places mentioned appear in January issue of the "Natio Geographic").

Crichton's descriptions of so of his paying guests are very tellin His first charter was fairly disasous: the charterers were a ghastly oursome referred to as "The People om Sandusky". Other charterers sere more likeable, and I am sure eaders will be enchanted by the ale of the bibulous Mr. Thornton nd the search for his misplaced notor cruiser.

I feel that the publishers have 3 Mr. Crichton down in their resentation of the book. For a arl, the proofreading must have een rather slipshod, as there are o many spelling mistakes and

notes appear to have been written yachting generally. The author's nean. Tom Crichton set off across by someone who had not read the acute observations of human beings the Atlantic in his 50-foot yacht book very thoroughly (perhaps this in general and his fellow Americans Jack London" to try his luck in is to make sure that book reviewers in particular make the book a actually read the book and do not better than average travel or vachting book. One final thought-a However, this book can be re- map or two would add a lot of

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OUR COVER

Naval nursing sisters at H.M.A.S. Tarangau, Manus Island, check the weight of a native baby airl named Nicola. after the former Chief of Naval Staff, Vice Admiral Sir Alan McNicoll, K.B.E., C.B., G.M.

R.A.N. Official Photoaraph

accepted.

Page Three

February-March-April, 1969

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Nautical Notes from all Compass Points

By SONAR

CANADA

Supply Management Course

The navies of ten countries were represented on a United States Naval Supply Management course which visited Canada late last year. Course members included repre-

sentatives from Thailand, Korea, Chile, Germany, Philippines, Canada, Ecuador, Turkey and Brazil.

group of senior naval officers visited the Naval Supply Depot, Man and His World and the College frigates, 18 minesweepers and 35 Militaire, Royal in St. Jean.

For a two day visit to Ottawa they were welcomed by Major-General E. D. Armour Deputy Chief of Logistics, Canadian Forces, and attended briefings given by other senior officers from the headquarters.

At the Capital visits were made to the Canadian Forces Base Rockcliffe and the Aeronautical Museum. The final two days of the tour were spent at C.F.B. Shearwater when the guests viewed facilities at H.M.C. Dockyard and other military installations in the Halifax area

PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

Hydrofoil torpedo boats for Communists

The Navy of the People's Republic of China is reported to have a new class of hydrofoil torpedo boats designed and built in the country. Some 26 craft are believed to have been constructed since 1966. Particulars gleaned so far include a displacement of 45 tons with a length of 73 ft, and a draught of 3.1 ft., and an armament of two 21-in. torpedo tubes and two 12.7 mm. juns. In Communist China they are hown as the Huchwan class. One of this class is reported to have leen transferred to the North Vietram naval forces, but it is not loan basis.

February-March-April, 1969

This class brings the total number of Chinese torpedo, gun and Reports from France suggest that missile craft of the fast patrol boat up to 39 Nord 262 turboprop transtype up to over 300 units. ports may be ordered by the French

Ballistic-missile submarine force?

According to the Indian Institute of Defence Studies the Chinese Navy has 24 long-range submarines capable of launching nuclear missiles. The Institute also states that China's Whilst in the Montreal area the naval strength, in addition to the submarines, consists of four destrovers, five destrover-escorts, 11 patrol boats.

FRANCE

Naval exhibition

France mounted a large scale naval exhibition last October. Two new types of fast patrol boats were shown with launchers for a new surface-to-surface missile, called the MM 38, Exocete, made by Nord Aviation.

The boats are obviously the French version of the Russian Komar and Osa class. The MM 38 incorporates a number of AS 30 Kormoran components: weighs 1.540 lbs, has automatic guidance and a range of 20 nautical miles. The missile rises initially to about 50 ft, then descends to 10 ft, and has a speed of Mach 1.

It would appear to be a great advance on the Russian Styx which is slow and travels at a considerable height. At only 10 ft. above the water a Mach 1 missile would appear to be almost immune to detection by radar, making it very difficult to shoot it down either by guns or anti-missile missiles. The only defence would be some form of radio countermeasures, but the problem will be to detect it in time to take any effective action of any sort

If the missile will do all that is known whether on a permanent or claimed for it, the French would two gas turbines of 15.000 h.p. each, seem to have hit on a real winner. with two shafts. (Photo next page).

THE NAVY

Navy and Air Force. Two have recently been ordered by the Navy for crew training and personnel transports, and the Air Force is

Order for Nord 262s

said to be negotiating for six for short range liaison operations. Navy planning, however, involves a total purchase of 15 Nord 262s to replace SO-30 Bretagnes and C-47s by 1970, and the Navy may also require another 18 of the type to replace C-47s now used for liaison duties. The Turbomeca Bastan 6 engines powering initial military deliveries will later be replaced by Bastan 7s.

INDIA

'Creepers' acquired from Soviet Union

Considering that India is still in the Commonwealth she is pretty cagey about her recent acquisitions from the Soviet Union. There was a time when all her warships were either former ships of the Royal Navy or British-built, but now that she has gone shopping elsewhere for her naval hardware she is keeping her light under a hushel.

According to a recent report which reached this column two escort ships of the Soviet Petva class were transferred in the summer from the U.S.S.R. for incorporation in the Indian Navy. These lithe flush-deckers have such a squat funnel, such a comparative lack of superstructure, and such a low-lying silhouette in general that they are said to be able to creep up over the horizon or through any sort of white-horse seas without attracting too much attention. But, as they are reputed to be capable of doing 30 knots, perhaps 'creep' is not the right word, Even at this speed, however, their reported engine power seems a bit high. They are said to have two diesels of 8,000 h.p. and

Page Four

COMPLIMENTS FROM

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These handy little escorts or membered that Britain has agreed mini-frigates are believed to displace to station a squadron of Shackletons 1.050 tons standard and 1.200 tons in Malta for this purpose full load with an overall length of

JAPAN

Plessev sonar

The Plessev Electronics Group is to supply two high-definition sonar equipments to the Japanese Navy. The equipment, designed by the Admiralty Underwater Weapons. Establishment, and manufactured at Plessey's Marine Systems Division. forms the core of a successful British minehunting system, Picture (below) shows the operations room for the sonar system being supplied.



Also from Plessev comes news of

the successful trials and widespread adoption of their Plessey-Sippican Expendable Bathythermograph sys- decision is the increasing deploytem (X.B.T.). Primarily for use in ment of Soviet warships in the area, anti-submarine operations, the X.B.T. enables a ship to obtain

MALAYSIA

Exercise "Fortex 69"

Thirteen Royal Malaysian Navy ships participated with vessels of the British, Australian and New Zealand navies in exercises in the Straits of Malacca during January and February.

Organised by the British Commander of the Far Fast Fleet, the exercise was held in the Northern half of the Straits and involved a total of 40 shins.

The aim of the operation was to exercise the ships of the four navies in all aspects of maritime and amphibious warfare.

Prior to exercise Fortex 69, ships of the Royal Malaysian Navy, Royal Thai Navy and the Royal Navy carried out mine-sweeping exercises (sponsored by the Royal Thai Navy) off Phuket in Thailand.

N.A.T.O. New Naval Command -MARAIRMED

Co-ordination of activities of British, American and Italian landbased maritime patrol aircraft in maintaining and extending surveillance of the Mediterranean sea is the main function of a new NATO naval command MARAIRMED. which was set up at Naples late in 1968. Background of the NATO the latest estimate of which lists one helicopter carrier, one cruiser, eight accurate and continuous tempera- or ten destroyers, about an equal ture-versus-depth recordings without number of submarines, and various having to reduce speed or stop. A types equipped for intelligence miscomplete temperature record down sions. The U.S.N. already has a NATO is pressing hard for in- to depths of 1,500 feet can now be maritime reconnaissance command creased maritime surveillance of the made in less than 90 seconds at at Naples, known as COMUS-FAIRWING, equipped with Orions



Mediterranean and it will be re-speeds of up to 30 knots.

Soviet "PETYA" Class Escort.

Page Six

February-March-April, 1969

February-March-April, 1969

262 ft. and a beam of 32 ft. For

their size they are fairly well armed

with four 3-in, (76 mm.) guns in

two gunhouses, one forward and

one aft, four 16-barrel anti-

submarine rocket launchers, two

abreast before the bridge and two

abreast abaft the after turret, and

five 21-in, torpedo tubes in a quin-

tuple bank abaft the exhaust vent

or funnel. They were designed with

a view to fitting two mine-rails and

have a minelaying stern configura-

tion. They do not look very

expensive, although they appear to

have all it takes for in and out

defensive and offensive warfare.

One cannot help thinking that at

least one NATO navy could do

with ships like this: modified, of

course, to national characteristics

TALY

Maritime aircraft

new types of long-range maritime

aircraft, the Breguet Atlantic, the

Lockheed Orion and the Hawker

Siddeley Nimrod Late last year an

order was placed for 18 Breguet

Atlantic A.S.W. aircraft and deli-

veries are scheduled to start in

1970. Price per unit has been

Italy at present uses Grumman

S2 Trackers, whose range is limited.

The advent of the Atlantic will

mean that Italy could cover very

nearly the whole of the Mediterra-

stated to be \$3,200,000.

nean

Italy has been evaluating three

and conditions. (Photo below).

THE NAVY



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squadrons based at Malta, Britain has agreed to assign a squadron of Shackletors to MARAIRMED early this year, replacing them later with its new jet Nimrod type. Italy will later have Breguet Atlantics to assign to this role.

Exercise 'Eden Apple'

With the focus so much on the Russian fleet in the Mediterranean these days, it seems unfortunate that the large NATO exercise Eden Apple' recently carried out in that area did not receive more publicity. There do not appear to have been any press representatives embarked. Indeed, a television team which went out specially to cover the exercise returned empty handed.

The exercise, which had been planned for some time and was not laid on because of the recent Russian moves in the Med., took place from 5th to 20th November. It was conducted by Admiral L. Soteiu (COMNAVSOUTH), from his headquarters in Malta.

Forces taking part were drawn from the British, French, U.S., Italian and Greek navies together with a number of shore-based maritime patrol aircraft provided princontribution included two guided- French C-in-C Med. at Toulon.

and Neptunes, and the U.K. uses missile destroyers, two destroyers, two photo-reconnaissance Canberra eight frigates, four patrol sub- of Malta under the command of marines and five R.F.As. In Vice-Admiral A. M. Lewis flying addition, Buccaneers, Sea Vixens his flag in H.M.S. Hampshire. It and Gannets from Eagle, who is refitting, were deployed to Malta and French, Greek and Italian navies; Sardinia and carried out strikes and air-defence missions.

> Amongst the French ships taking part were the aircraft carrier Foch and the cruiser Colbert. In all there Malta. were more than 50 warships

The exercise was divided into three phases:

- (a) 5th to 9th November. Working-un.
- (b) 10th to 16th November. Tactical.
- (c) 16th to 20th November. Assembly and wash-up at Naples.

During the working-up period the forces were divided into two. British, French and Italian surface ships, including the Foch, tested procedures for air defence, replenishment at sea and anti-submarine warfare operating south of Toulon. The enemy submarines were provided by the U.S., British and French; French Atlantic maritime aircraft carried out ASW patrols. All forces were under the overall command of Vice-Admiral

The second group operated east consisted of ships from the British, it carried out surface and air gunnery exercises, including the bombardment of the rock of Filfola, the well known gunnery target off

During the second phase, the NATO fleet continued to work in groups and both groups were attacked by Eagle's Buccaneers from Sardinia and Malta, and Canberras from Malta.

A mock amphibious task force was formed and crossed the central Mediterranean to south of Greece. near Kithera, where it was attacked by Greek F.P.Bs

Another group of ships simulated a convoy passing through the Sicilian Straits and was heavily attacked from the air and by submarines.

For once the usual Russian snoopers seem to have been conspicuous only by their absence, a highly unusual occurrence.

Most of the ships taking part rendezvoused on completion at Naples and Gaeta on 16th November and a 'wash-up' was held at cipally by the French. The R.N's de Seitivauk de Greische, the the NATO headquarters of C-in-C South at Bagnoli.

NATO occasion Naples. Admiral Sir John Bush (Allied Commander-in-Chief. Channel, and Eastern Atlantic) last November visited the Commander-in-Chief, Allied Forces, Southern Europe. Admiral Horacio Rivero, who is seen here (right) introducing Italian Admiral Luciano Sotavi. Commander, Naval Forces, under his overall command



February-March-April, 1969

THE NAVY

Page Eight

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SWEDEN

Swedes Build Underground Base

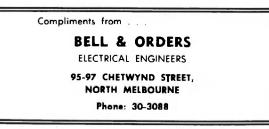
Stockholm's new naval base, on the island of Musko in the capital's southern archipelago, will be inaugurated in the autumn of 1969, it was announced last week.

The \$60,000,000 project includes a complex system of docks, depots, workshops and offices blasted out of the solid granite to form a selfcontained, nuclear bomb proof base for a staff of 1,250 military and civil personnel.



NEW BRITISH FAST PATROL BOAT IS FAST AND HARD-HITTING

A new fast patrol boat — more powerfully armed than any other vessel of its size — has been designed by a British Company. It will be more effective at a greatly increased range, with better sea keeping abilities and longer endurance, and will be on trials early in the summer of 1969. With an overall length of 142 feet and top speed of about 40 knots, the boat is available in both Rolls-Royce gas turbine and diesel engine versions. Armament includes modern, highly accurate light guns and 5 guided missiles both controlled by equipment which incorporates search and tracking radar for operating them separately or simultaneously by day or night. These weapons make the boot effective against both aircraft and major fleet units. The steel hull is basically a round bilge form, with a spray deflecting chine extending from forward to aft of admidships, and a flat run aft. The superstructure is of aluminium alloy and the displacement of the craft is about 200 tons. Accommodation can vary according to the power fitted, but each arrangement provides for a captain and two or three other officers, 4-6 petty officers and 20-24 Junior ratings.



While few facts have so far been First Type 42 ordered released about the size and design of this base, which is claimed to be

one of the best-equipped and safest

of its kind in the world, it is under-

stood that it has accommodation for

underground basing and overhaul of

a wide range of ships, including

destroyers, submarines and torpedo

boats. About a million cubic metres

of rock have been blasted away to

make adequately-sized funnels and

mainland, the military authorities

have built a three-kilometer under-

water tunnel, which was opened for

other service facilities.

traffic a few years ago.

The first of the Type-42 guidedmissile destroyers was ordered from Vickers, Barrow-in-Furness, on 14th November.

This class was foreshadowed in the 1967 Supplementary Statement on Defence Policy and is a smaller version of the original Type 82 design, of which only one ship, H.M.S. Bristol, has been ordered. The Type-42 will have Seadart For communications with the surface-to-air missiles-as will the Bristol-but will substitute a helicopter for the Ikara anti-submarine system.

> The ship will be a fast, all-gasturbine ship with the principal task of providing air defence for the fleet. In addition she will have useful anti-submarine and surface gunnery armament and will be able to perform the wide range of normal peace-time duties required by warshins.

> The Seadart will be fired from an improved type launcher, forward of the bridge. Further forward will be a new type of 4.5-in. gun, with a high automatic rate of fire. Both Seadart and the gun will be linked to two tracker-illuminator radars and a controlling computer, Normal air surveillance radar will also be carried.

> The helicopter will be the new Anglo-French WG13, a twinengined machine which is being developed jointly by Sud Aviation and Westland. It will carry an airto-surface weapon for use against lightly defended surface ship targets. such as fast patrol boats. The WG13 will be larger than the singleengined Wasp now carried by most frigates in the R.N.

> The main propulsion will he provided by flexible gas turbines; Rolls-Royce Olympus engines providing full power for high speeds, and the smaller Type engines being used for cruising. The twin screws will have reversible pitch for manoeuvring. Accommodation is being provided for a crew of 300, though the planned complement-thanks to intense study of this aspect-will be very much fewer than this.

February-March-April, 1969

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An artist's rendering of the nuclear-powered guided missile frigate DLGN-36

LIDAR

"distinct possibilities", was disclosed for the first time late in October at Britain has developed an early an "open day" held at the U.K. warning device for the detection of micro-biological station at Porton. chemical or biological attack. It is explained that though the Known as LIDAR, it operates in minute droplets of such a cloud are conjunction with early warning too small to reflect a radar beam. radar and utilises a ruby laser beam the much shorter wave length of a which projects its light on to any laser beam satisfactorily reflects its radar-detected aircraft to reflect light from them, to be collected by from any chemical or biological a Newtonian telescope and focused cloud emitted by the evading air- on a photo-electric cell which craft. This development, still in the works on oscillograph. Differentiaexperimental stage, but showing tion between the two types of cloud

-chemical or biological-is not yet possible, but the wearing of similar protective clothing and respirators is now the accepted guard against both types of attack.

U.S.A.

Submarines' future role

The U.S. Navy is giving serious consideration to the future role of the submarine. General Dynamics has been given a study contract to investigate the future of the nuclear powered attack submarine, The study is to cover both the design and system engineering aspects and its operational use.

The U.S. Navy is at present limited to a maximum of 69 attack submarines and both the Navy and Congress have expressed concern as to whether this number is sufficient for the long term future. At present only 33 of the U.S. attack submarines are nuclear propelled.

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JUNGLE RESCUE

Jungle Rescue

This new jungle penetrating rescue device has a five-foot umbrella that pops out to protect two men from the jungle foliage during hoisting. The 21-foot long shield is lowered from rescue helicopters to retrieve downed airmen. It is scheduled for delivery to the Fleet this year.

F-14 Fighter

U.S. Navy was expected earlier this year to make a decision between Grumman Aircraft Engineer-

February-March-April, 1969

contractor to develop the F-14 long range supersonic naval fighter (formerly the VFX-1), which is designed to replace the cancelled naval version of the F-111, and expected to enter production about 1973. It will incorporate the powerplant, advanced navigational and other systems of the abandoned F-111B, and carry the Phoenix missile system also designed for it.

Navy Plans Mile-deep Laboratory

A conceptual contract has been ing Corporation and McDonnell awarded to the Electric Boat Divi-Douglas as the selected prime sion of General Dynamics Corpora-

tion for the development of a manned underwater station a mile beneath the ocean surface.

The Naval Civil Engineering Laboratory (NCEL) scientific station will provide a shirtsleeve environment for five scientists at depths of more than 1,700 meters in the open ocean. It will be an operating platform from which scientists can accomplish work on the bottom and in the water column

The station will be composed of two vertical cylinders resulting in a vehicle 12 meters long, 14 meters high, and 8.6 meters wide. One of the cylinders will house a power plant using an umbilical cable to the shore or surface. The scientists will live and work in the other cylinder.

Laboratory space will be provided on two decks, and a third deck will be used for berthing and living quarters. A fourth deck is provided for station operation and control.

From the station, scientists will be able to observe undersea environments either directly through viewports or indirectly by closed circuit television. They will be able to collect samples with a manipulator and bring them into the station's pressure envelope through a lockin/lock-out system.

In use, the station will be positively buoyant and tethered from an anchor. All equipment that could become entangled will be jettisonable. Additional droppable ballast also is incorporated in the design. A connecting sphere between the two hulls will provide an escape trunk feature similar to that used on modern submarines.

The manned underwater station project is tied in with other ocean engineering operations concerned with ocean exploitation. For example, the Deep Submergence Rescue Vehicle being developed and built for submarine rescue operations can be mated to the station.

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THE NAVY

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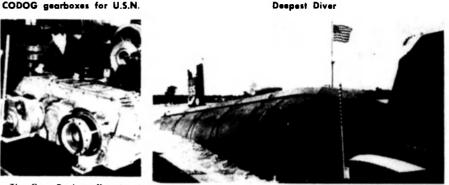
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The Gear Products Department of AFI Turbine Generators Ltd. has completed works-testing at Rugby of the first of 11 sets of propulsion gearing for U.S. Navy P.G.M. class patrol boats. Our picture (above) shows the single reduction primary gearbox. This divides the input from a single 13,500 h.p. gas turbine between two output shafts which provide the input drive to the port and starboard secondary gearboxes. The ratio is 5,500/2,400 r.p.m. The diesel drive is taken to its own pinion in each secondary gearbox. S.S.S. clutches at both turbine and diesel inputs to the secondary gearbox provide automatic transfer of drive from one power source to the other

Poseidon

Second test launch of a Lockheed Poseidon long range ballistic missile -the multi-warhead nuclear F.B.M. planned to replace Polaris missiles in 31 of the U.S.N.'s submarines from early in the 1970s-was carried out by the Navy from Cape Kennedy in late November, three months after the first test launching. The two-stage, solid-fuel missile, measuring 34 ft. long x 6 ft, diameter, was ramp-launched to splash down in an Atlantic Ocean target area. put results of the test were not announced. Sixteen of the missiles will be carried in each submarine. ind the 3 ft. greater length and 1.5 ft. bigger diameter of the Poseilon will require modifications in the ubmarines to carry it. Each warhead can be individually targeted. vith greater accuracy than the olaris system permits.



The USS DOLPHIN (AOSS-555), Jounched at Pertsmeuth, N.H., on June 8, 1968, is the world's deepest diving operational submarine. The ship is 150 feet long, has a beam of 18 feet, displaces 900 tens and can carry 12 tens of eceanegraphic equipment. Capable of operating without the support of a mether ship, the DOLPHIN will be used for development and test of naval equipment and basic econographic research.

Navy Develops 'Dog Fight' Missila

systems for the Navy's short-range, siles are intended for use at ranges air-to-air, "dog fight" missile are of between 1,000 feet and two miles. being developed in-house, while an They would replace either the all-aspect infrared seeker is under Sidewinder or Falcon heat-seeking study at Hughes Aircraft. The missiles now in the inventory.

"dog fight" missile is comparable to the AIM-82 short-range missile (SRM) Air Force plans to begin Control and propulsion sub- studies on this summer. Both mis-

A.S.W. Trainer



This ASW student bottle simulator, patterned after the attack centre on destroyers, brings together in a tactical situation information from sonar and radar to create a realistic situation. The \$2.4 million device sets up two target submarines and a U.S. destroyer equipped with ASROC missiles, supported by two other destroyers or cruisers and three fixed-wing or helicopter aircraft.

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Fage Eighteen

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Ship-to-ship missiles Considerable publicity has recently been given to the Russian Shaddock and Strela ship-to-ship cruise missiles. The former is reported to have a range of 300 miles and the latter 100 miles.

Whilst it is known that the Kresta and Kynda class of large guidedmissile destroyers are fitted with Shaddock, and the smaller Krunny and Kildin class with Strela, it is not absolutely certain that they are intended for use against ships: they might equally be intended for homhardment.

It is difficult to see how a 300mile missile could be aimed against a ship target, unless the latter were known to be entirely on its own. The missile's homing device. whether radar or infra-red, would find it difficult to select the right target after a 300-mile journey.

It would seem more probable that an aircraft would be used to guide the missile in the final stages of its flight; in which case it would have to sit somewhere in sight of its target and probably maintain a fairly steady course. This again seems unlikely as it would be so vulnerable to the target's antiaircraft armament or to fighters.

The Soviet missiles do not appear to be very fast and, as they will have to fly high, will be easily detectable by radar and a sitting duck for ECM or ship-to-air missiles.

It is difficult, therefore, to see exactly how the Russians intend to use these expensive weapons.

Helicopter Carrier?

now been published of the latest signed with VTOL aircraft in mind. Russian ship to appear in the Mediterranean-the Moskva (Moscow). anti-submarine missile launchers as an anti-submarine vessel. The ship gives the appearance of a forward, probably to launch Goa cruiser with a large flight deck ship-to-air missiles, and a further in twin mounts on the OI level.



The Cruiser Helicopter Carrier "MOSKVA".

abaft the funnel, probably quite missile launcher of a slightly diffelarge enough to take VTOL aircraft rent type right forward. The latter and, although one photograph could well be for some form of showed a helicopter on deck, it rocket-propelled depth-charge or A number of photographs have seems likely that the ship was de- torpedo, rather like the Australian -Ikara, particularly as it has been The ship has two, 12 barrel reported that the ship was designed

Four guns, perhaps 3-inch, rest

CONTRIBUTIONS

The editor invites persons to submit articles and photographs for inclusion in the magazine, but regrets that no payment can be made for contributions submitted. Contributions should be addressed: The Editor, "The Navy", Box C178, Clarence Street Post Office, Sydney, N.S.W., 2000, Australia.

The editor does not hold himself responsible for manuscripts, though every effort will be made to return those with which a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed.

THE NAVY

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— EIRE — Is It Goodbye to the Irish Navy?

out of commission and placed in a state of preservation, and her two sister ships, Cliona (ex-H.M.S. Bellwort) and Macha (ex-H.M.S. Borage), have been largely disarmed, refitted and relegated to fishery protection duties. Each of the two latter has lost her twopounder gun, two 20 mm. Oerlikon anti-aircraft guns. Hedgehog' multiple anti-submarine mortar and depth charges.

This is not very surprising, since these former corvettes of the Royal Navy (re-rated as frigates after the war) were of the well-known 'Flower' class hurriedly designed on the outbreak of the Second World War, having been laid down in 1940, launched in 1941 and completed in 1941-42, and could fairly he described as somewhat ancient. A span of 26 to 27 years is fair enough for ships of this type. Muev was built by A. & J. Inglis Ltd., Pointhouse, Glasgow, and Cliona and Macha by George Brown & Co. (Marine) Ltd., Greenock.

Of 1.020 tons standard and 1.280 ships were also armed with 4-in.

Of the three small frigates or weapons mentioned above. Their placement of 32 tons, an armament corvettes in the Irish Navy, Macy propelling machinery comprises two of two 21-in, torpedoes, two anti-(ex-H.M.S. Oxlip) has been taken boilers and triple-expansion steam aircraft machine guns and depth reciprocating engines originally designed for a speed of 16 knots, but the best sea speed in latter years was about 14 knots and it is understood that none of them can now make more than a bare 10 knots. Their normal complement in full commission was 78 officers and ratings.

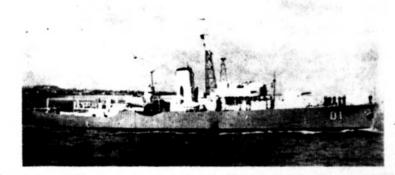
> This laying up and demilitarization of the 'Flower' class virtually spells goodbye to the Irish Navy, for apart from these three old corvettes there are only three small tenders used as service craft, ferries and general utility, namely the John Adams, of 94 tons gross, launched in 1934, General McHardy, of 100 tons gross, launched in 1928; and Wyndham, of 93 tons gross, launched as long ago as 1903. The last is non-operational and quotations for the purchase of this vessel have been invited.

A few years ago the Irish Naval Service comprised three frigates, five motor torpedo boats and three other naval vessels, but the MTBs numtons full load displacement, all three bered M1, M2, M3, M4 and M5, all built by John I. Thornycroft & Co. Isles, necessarily, logically and inguns in addition to the other Ltd., Southampton, with a dis- tegrally, includes them all,

charges, and a speed of 40 knots, were discarded one by one.

The name of the Commanding Officer of the Irish Naval Service. a Captain, appears right at the bottom of the Irish list of Principal Military Appointments including two generals and 15 colonels, which is not surprising as his command at present appears to be very thin.

The formerly important naval base at Hawlbowline Island off Queenstown in Cork Harbour, which has two large dry drocks, now derelict, but built to take big British battleships, and which in more halcyon days used to cater for a large squadron of the Royal Navy, is now a collection of practically empty or thinly stored buildings, And with the preservation, reclassification or sale of the naval ships it looks very much like approaching finis for the Irish Navy, Ireland would, no doubt, be the last to admit that the naval defence of Ireland now devolves upon the Royal Navy, but that is what it boils down to, for the defence of the British



The Irish Navy's MACHA which has been largely disarmed, refitted and relegated to fishery protection duties.

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"The Cruise of the Emden"

(JULY - OCTOBER, 1914)

By the Governor General of Australia, His Excellency the Rt. Hon. Lord Casey, G.C.M.G., C.H., D.S.O., M.C. K.St.J.

His Excellency was an officer of the First Contingent, Australian Imperial Forces, on board the Australian troopship ORVIETO, bound for Port Said

After the now historic battle between the EMDEN and H.M.A.S. SYDNEY, the captain of EMDEN and a number of his officers were transferred to the ORVIETO, for transport to Suez or Port Said as prisoners of war.

His Excellency, being one of the few officers on board the ORVIETO speaking a little German, was put in charge of the prisoners. During this time, he had considerable opportunity to discuss their recent and very successful raiding cruise in the Bay of Bengal and elsewhere.

Emden is gathered from the translation of a private diary in shorthand belonging to a Petty Officer who, in the capacity of Signaller, was on the bridge of the Emden throughout her three months raiding. The bald facts set down in his diary have been supplemented by conversation with those officers and men of the Emden who were conveyed as prisoners of war from Colombo to Port Said on the Australian troopship A3.

Until 28 July the Emden lay in Tsingtau harbour, the naval base of the German Navy in the East and the Capital of the State of Kiaochau. She was a light armoured cruiser of about 3,500 tons displacement, carried ten 4.1 inch guns and two 18 inch torpedo tubes, and was painted a light grey colour. She had three funnels and two masts. and was described by those who saw her as "a very pretty little ship". Her speed was 23-25 knots.

On 28 July 1914, the Captain of the Emden received orders from the German Government in Kiaochau to clear for action. On this date it will be remembered, affairs in Europe were in a very unsettled condition but a state of war had not yet been declared between Germany and any other nation. On the following day news came to Tsingtau by cable saying that war had been declared between Austria and Servis and that Russia had started mobilising her troops on the German border.

This news was read in Tsingtau is indicating the thin end of the

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to sea, having taken on board her made straight for land. full supply of food, ammunition and coal.

She steamed out of harbour with all lights out and her war guard posted, and for three days steamed between Nagasaki and Shanghai, keeping out of sight of vessels of all sorts in the endeavour to keep her position unknown. She was waiting for definite news by wireless from her base, of war declared between Germany and Russia. This arrived on the morning of 3rd August, and with it the news that France was mobilising and that England would probably be drawn into the conflict.

On 4 August, the Emden sailed through the Straits of Korea into the Sea of Japan passing Nagasaki and the island of Tsusuna just off the Japanese coast. Several steamers were seen on the horizon but as her objective at the moment was the Russian cruiser Askold she did not interfere with merchant shippingbut on the other hand tried to keep her identity hidden.

The Askold had been lying in Shanghai harbour previous to the outbreak of war, but the Captain of the Emden concluded that she would now make for the Russian port of Vladivostock.

After waiting for several hours in the track which the Askold would probably take-and seeing no signs of any warship, the Emden steamed south, passing between the Island of Tsusuna and the mainland of Japan. Here smoke was seen on the horizon and it was evident wedge which would split Europe that some vessel was bound for

This account of the cruise of the 31 July at dusk the Emden put out chase whereupon the strange vessel

Gradually gaining on her, the Emden fired blank ammunition when at a range of about 31 miles in hopes of stopping her. The steamer however, believed the Emden to be a small gunboat of inferior speed, and kept on her course. The Emden now closed in to 11 miles and fired a dozen shots across her bows and, on seeing the shells fall in the water, the steamer stopped and was eventually boarded by an armed party consisting of an officer and ten men.

The boat turned out to be the Riasan, a Russian auxiliary cruiser but she had not yet been fitted with her guns and carried no ammunition, and moreover carried mails consigned to Vladivostock. The boarding party remained on board as a prize crew and took the vessel to Tsingtau, all lights being extinguished on the voyage.

On 5 August, whilst on her way to port, accompanied by her prize, the Emden received wireless news that "England had declared war on Germany" (sic). She replied to Tsingtau that she was returning and instructed the forts that she would arrive at 4 a.m. next day accompanied by another ship and that she was to be allowed to pass into the harbour,

She arrived at the appointed time on 6 August and leaving the Rjasan lying at anchor in the harbour, the Emden went alongside the pier where she was again coaled and provisioned to her full capacity.

At 7 p.m. on the same day she into two camps, and accordingly on Vladivostock. The Emden gave again put to sea accompanied by

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S.M.S. (Seiner Majestats Schiff) EMDEN

the German collier Marcomannia carrying 6.000 tons of ceal and a large store of provisions. The collier carried a crew of 48 officers and men and had a speed of ten knots.

From now onwards throughout her three months cruise the Emden showed no lights at night and seldom exceeded an average speed of ten knots

From 7 to 12 August the Emden cruised round the China and Japan Seas. She held up the Japanese mail steamer hound from Hong Kong to Nagasaki but released her as war had not been declared with Japan.

She now commenced her journey southward to the Indian Ocean, a stop being made at the Marianne Islands where she coaled for the first time from her own collier. She then continued southwards arriving at the Island of Arigaur on the morning of the 13th, where she again coaled and set out for Timor.

Their object at this stage was to keep concealed and reach the Bay of Bengal without it being known that a German cruiser was in the vicinity.

This circuitous route via Timor was taken to avoid the British China Squadron in the China Sea and also to avoid the possibility of being seen going through the Malay Straits.

Timor was reached on 24 August. Here she again coaled and sailed westward the same evening through the Flores Sea where on the 1st

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September she held up the Dutch steamer Tromp. Being a neutral vassel she was allowed to go, and the Emden carried on through the Lambok Straits between some islands off the coast of Java. She now passed well to the south of Java in order to avoid all shipping. as neutral vessels when set free would convey the news of her whereabouts to the nearest port.

On reaching the northern shores of Sumatra she closed in to land and coaled from the Marcomannia in smooth water.

From here on 6 September she sailed straight into the Bay of Bengal to start her crusade against merchant shipping, starting on the trade route between Colombo and Calcutta, some 250 miles to the South East of Madras.

It must be remembered that up till this moment there was no indication of any hostile vessel being in these seas. And moreover a notice had been issued by the Indian Government to the effect that the Bay of Bengal was clear of the enemy's ships.

For this reason no merchant vessel when ordered to halt by the Emden made any attempt to escape. thinking presumably that she was some British cruiser and that the quickest way of being allowed to was invariably hoisted, it being too bound for England.

late then to make any attempt at escape.

The first boat captured was the Greek steamer Pontonoros from Calcutta, which had coal on board for British firms. Six men boarded her and she was made to accompany the Emden, but was subsequently lost, being believed to have been retaken by a British cruiser.

On the same day (10 September) the British steamer Indus was captured. She had been fitted up for the transportation of Indian troops.

Her crew were given opportunity of taking off all their personal gear and were transferred to the collier. Five shots were now put into the Indus making a large rent in her water line and she turned over on her side and sank.

Still keeping to the trade route in a northerly direction the British steamer Lovat was met with on the 11 September.

She had been also intended for the transport of troops and horses. She was treated in the same way as the Indus and her crew nut aboard the collier.

On 12 September they met the British steamer Kubinga bound from Calcutta to New York with general merchandise consigned to American firms. On this account she was made to accompany the Emden in the same way as the Pontoporos.

It was the custom of the Captain of the Emden to place a prize crew of an officer and ten men on all vessels which were captured but which for some reason it was thought inadvisable to sink. This prize crew always contained at least one engineer.

On the same day (11 September) the British steamer Killin was captured bound for Calcutta with a full cargo of iron. She was sunk in the usual manner and her crew transferred to the collier.

On the 13th whilst still steaming northwards in company with the Marcomannia, the Pontoporos and continue on her course was to heave the Kabinga, the British steamer to and be examined. When within Diplomat was sighted. She had on 600 or 700 yards the German flag board a cargo of tea from Calcutta

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THE NAVY

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Her crew were transferred to the Kahinga and the vessel was sunk

It was now decided to transfer the crews of the Indus and Killin from the collier on to the Kabinea. presumably with the idea of desnatching this vessel to the nearest nort as the collier was becoming uncomfortably crowded and was a drag on the movements of the Emden

The operation of transferring the crews was interrupted by the apnearance of another vessel on the horizon The Emden made off to intercent her and on finding her to be the Italian steamer Loredano brought her back to the scene of operations and asked her if she would undertake to take off all the crews which had now been collected on the Kabinga and transfer them to the nearest port.

The Loredano refused to do this and the Captain of the Emden was obliged to release her. As the Loredano was bound for Calcutta it was now realised that only a very short time would elanse before the news of the Emden's presence would be announced all over the Bay of Bengal. They afterwards read in Indian newspapers taken from captured steamers that on arriving at the mouth of the Ganges the pilot was informed of the presence of the hostile cruiser, and he, in turn, informed the Light Ship which sent on the news to Calcutta.

This was the first intimation at the ports of the cruiser's presence in the Bay.

As stated above the Diplomat was sunk on the night of 13 September in a position about 300 miles south of Calcutta. After despatching her another light was seen on the horizon

The Emden asked her who she was by means of Morse signalling with a lamp at the masthead, Reply came that she was the Italian steamer Dandolo-and the Emden hade her goodnight.

On the 14th the Cantain decided that his best method of evading pursuit was to adopt the unexpetced course of steaming northwards towards Calcutta, and this was done still in company with the collier, the Pontoporos and the Kabinga, to a point about 150 miles south of Calcutta.

Here they got the British steamer Trabboch, a small unloaded freight steamer. Her crew were put aboard the Kabinga and the vessel sunk in the ordinary way.

The Kabinga now having the crews of four vessels on board besides her own was sent off to Calcutta, the assembled crews giving the Emden three cheers as she sailed

On the same evening the Class Matheson was cantured She was from England bound for Calcutta and carried a valuable cargo amonest which were several motor cars, various articles of machinery and a racehorse. The horse was shot, the crew transferred to the collier and the vessel sunk.

On the 15th, Emden, still keening her northward course, steamed to within 40 miles of Calcutta and then, altering her course sailed South East in the direction of Rangoon

On the 18th the Norwegian steamer Dove was held up, and the Captain given \$100 (Mexican dollors current in Tsing(au) to transfer the crew of the Clan Matheson to Rangoon

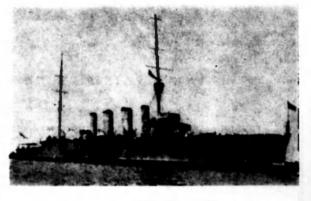
On the arrival of the Dove in Rangoon it was realised that the whole of the Bay of Bengal would be ringing with the news of the presence of the Emden. This was soon an accomplished fact as the a blazing mass.

Enden nicked up several wireless messages to this effect including one to the Hampshire

It was now probable that the mouth of the Bay of Bengal would be natrolled by British cruisers to prevent the escape of the Enden but notwithstanding this, the Cantain decided on the daring feat of a raid on the oil tanks at Madras. This was made possible by one of his crew having been employed in Madras and thus having an intimate knowledge of the situation of the tanks and the fact that the fort guns were old and that there were no searchlights

The ruse of employing a dummy fourth funnel to hide her identity was employed for the first time on this occasion, but as its usefulness on this particular escapade was doubtful, the method employed will be described later when during the Penang raid it secured the success of the undertaking.

At 9.30 on the evening of 22 Sentember, the Emden had reached a position some three miles from the oil tanks at the entrance to the harbour without being challenged. She immediately used her searchlights to get the exact position of the tanks, fired a couple of ranging broadsides, extinguished her searchlights and noured salvo after salvo into the tanks, the shells bursting well-soon converting the tanks into



H.M.A.S. SYDNEY, taken in 1913

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Officers and men of the EMDEN

ships in the harbour and, it is said. some houses on land.

The Emden now left the harbour at full speed in a North Easterly direction, coming under the fire of the forts, all of whose shells fell short leaving the Emden untouched.

The men on the Emden say that the glare of the burning tanks could he distinctly seen 100 miles away.

On the 23rd the Emden was still steaming in a North Easterly direction to create the impression that she was making for Calcutta, but when out of sight of all shipping she turned south and passed round the east coast of Ceylon. It was here that the Greek steamer Pontoporos. which had, been accompanying the Emden since she was captured, was lost sight of.

The inhabitants of Galle, in the South East of Cevion. on learning inland, fearing a raid similar to that on Madras.

130 miles south of Colombo, the Lud was captured and sunk, her crew being transferred to the and was without cargo.

On the night of the next day (26 September), the Emden took up a position 40 miles west of writer that he considered that it

125 shells were tired in all, some Colombo harbour, as the fort of the ranging shots hitting some searchlights swept the horizon all night and the fort guns were far superior to his own.

> His decision was to cruise about some distance outside and intercept all shipping bound for or leaving Colembo. Acting on this, in his position 40 miles out from Colombo, and whilst the fort searchlights were visible on the horizon, he captured the British steamer Tymerik with a cargo of sugar from Colombo bound for England.

> She was sunk and the crew placed on the collier.

The collier was again becoming crowded and the Captain had some anxieties as to the disposal of the accumulated crews.

On sailing a little closer to Colombo on the 26th, the British steamer Gryfevale was captured. She carried no cargo and was made of the approach of the Emden fled to accompany the Emden, subsequently serving the purpose of ridding the Captain of the Emden of On 25 September at a point about the accumulated crews of 5 vessels.

On 27 September, after having small British freight steamer King reached a position some 300 miles west of Colombo, the British steamer Buresk was captured. She collier. She had come from Suez was laden with 6,000 tons of Cardiff coal for Singapore.

Leaving the Captain's steward, two engineers and some Chinese stokers on board, the remainder of Colombo. The Captain told the the crew were tranferred to the Gryjevale. The men left on the would have been courting disaster Buresk were paid at their usual rate were much appreciated, and with for him to have attempted to raid by the Captain of the Emden. A every expression of goodwill the

prize crew were put on board and she was made to accompany the Emden, her coal being a welcome addition to their own supply.

On the night of the same day, whilst steaming in a westerly direction the British steamer, Ribera was captured. She was bound from Port Said to Colombo. Shortly afterwards, on the same night, the British steamer Foyle was also captured. Both these steamers were sunk and their crews transferred to the Grylevale

A third steamer was sighted and stopped on the night of 27 Septemmer, but as she turned out to be the Dutch steamer Djocja, she was at once liberated.

On 28 September, the Gryfevale was released and told to proceed to Colombo with the crews of five captured vessels on board.

Realising that the arrival of the Gryfevale at Colombo would be the signal for a thorough search for the Emden on the part of whatever warships might be available, the Captain decided that the time had come for him to make for the open seas.

He accordingly steamed practically due south towards the Chagos Archipelago, accompanied by the British collier Buresk and his own collier Marcomannia. The latter was now sent off to some unknown destination, presumably having transferred all her coal and thus being no longer of any assistance to the Emden.

Having successfully avoided all shipping en route, the Emden and the Buresk arrived off the Island of Diego Garcia on 10 October. The island is inhabited by only a few European families and had not yet heard of the outbreak of war, owing to their communication with the world being limited to a steamer calling every three months with supplies.

Here the Emden coaled all day from the Buresk. She got into the good graces of the inhabitants by reason of her engineers having repaired a motor boat belonging to the island, in return for which baskets of coconuts and supplies of fish were sent aboard the Emden. Fresh provisions of this character

February-March-April, 1969

Page Twenty-Eight

MELVILLE CATERERS Best Wishes to the "Navy League" (Mrs. E. M. Richardson, Proness.) BY APPOINTMENT - THE NAVY BALL The Catering Specialists For: WEDDINGS, PARTIES, SPORTING AND SOCIAL FUNCTIONS ★ SEA CADETS - Remember, For Your Function: **MELVILLE CATERERS** 224 PRESTON POINT RD. BICTON, W.A. Phone: 39-3090 Compliments to all Royal Australian Navy, R.A.N.R. and R.A.N.V.R. S.A. STEVEDORING Co. Pty. Ltd. LIPSON STREET PORT ADELAIDE, S.A. 5015 (2 Lines) Phones: 4-1468, 4-2039

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Emden sailed the same evening. steaming to a position about 500 miles west of Colombo

She arrived at this point at midnight on 14 October and at 12.50 a.m. on the 15th she intercepted the British freight steamer Clan Grant bound for Colombo with a cargo of general merchandise. She was temporarily manned with a prize crew but during the transference of her own crew to the Buresk, smoke was again seen on the horizon and the Emden went to investigate. The newcomer in the distance had the appearance of a war vessel, but turned out to be the Pourrabel (Bon Revel?), a dredge built to order of the Tasmanian Government. She was captured and her crew as well as that of the Clan Grant put aboard the collier Buresk, when both captured vessels were sunk, the dredge turning turtle completely before sinking-and, it was said by one of the Emden's officers, presenting a very curious appearance.

Shortly afterwards the British steamer Benmohr was sighted, captured and sunk.

Her crew went on board the Buresk. The Spanish mail steamer Fernando Po was held up on 16 October and of course at once released.

Steaming in a northerly direction the Emden on 18 October encountered the Blue Funnel liner Troilus on her maiden voyage from Hong Kong to England. The Troilus was regarded by the Captain of the Emden as undoubtedly his best 'bag' as she was estimated to be worth with her cargo about £1,000,000. She carried a valuable cargo of copper, tin and general mechandise from the East. The Troilus carried about a dozen passengers amongst whom were some ladies, one of whom was ill. For this reason \$t was decided to have the Troilus accompany the Emden for the present as accommodation on the collier Buresk was limited. However, a few hours later the British freight steamer Saint Egbert appeared carrying cargo bound for America.

The passengers and crew of the Troilus numbering about 200 were now transferred to the Saint Egbert and the Troilus was sunk.

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The Captain of the Emden frequently cited the Troilus as an example of the difficulty of quickly sinking a merchant vessel fitted with good watertight compartments. Putting aside the use of torpedoes against merchant vessels, the usual means taken to sink a ship was to open the vessel's valves and, standing off about 400 yards, pour half a dozen shots into her on the water line. The case of the Troilus was one in which shot after shot had to be put into her at various points along her line so as to puncture each compartment. Even with such treatment as this, she took a comparatively long time to sink.

On 19 October, steaming a little south, the Emden captured the British collier Extord bound from England to Singapore. She was made to accompany the Emden for a day and then as the Emden was not in need of her coal and as it was ascertained that her cargo of coal was for German Agents in Singapore, she was released.

Also on 19 October, the Emden captured the British freight steamer Chilkana

She was fitted with wireless which she attempted to use, but on being threatened by the Emden, she had no option but be captured in the usual way and sunk. Her crew were transferred to the Saint Ephert where those of the Troilus were now quartered-and the Saint Eghert despatched to Quilon, a small town on the South West coast of India. This town was closer than Colombo and was safer, as far as the Emden

was concerned, as it was not a Naval Station.

The Emden was now nearing the end of her raid on merchant shipning. She had up till this time intercepted 26 vessals in Indian seas, of which she had sunk 14 and released the remainder either on the ground of their neutrality or for the purpose of ridding her of the crews of sunken vessels

She was now free of all encumbrances-and with the Buresk, she steamed for Penang, taking a good southerly course to avoid hostile war vessels. It was again her plan to avoid being sighted by any shipping, to steam with no lights visible at night and when smoke was sighted on the horizon to avoid recognition by flight even if her course was thereby lengthened.

It seems that the success of this great raiding cruise was due to the ability of the Emden to move quickly from one point, where she was known to an unexpected guarter without the knowledge of those at whose door the safety of merchant shipping lav.

The objective of the Emden was now a raid on Penang harbour where she expected to fall unawares on the British and Japanese cruisers which, she learnt from newspapers, had been intercenting German merchant shipping in the vicinity of Penang at the beginning of the war.

The Buresk was left to wait for the Emden in a position midway between Penang and Cevlon, since her limited speed of 10 knots might hamper the Emden in any action



The EMDEN ashere at North Keeling Island



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Wreckage on the decks of the EMDEN

in which she might be engaged. The success of this raid may be said to be due to the ruse of rigging a fourth 'funnel' of canvas in addition to the three funnels which she carried. The purpose of the extra funnel was in order to disguise the distinctive 'three funnel' appearance of the Emden that she would in the distance or in uncertain light be mistaken for the British cruisers Newcastle, Yarnouth or Hampshire, all of which vere in these waters.

This dummy funnel was of canvas nd of the same dimensions as the 12al funnels-30 feet high by 104 feet on the longest diameter of the (val. The oval shape was kept by vooden hoops at intervals, and the unnel' was 'hoisted' by a block and pulley attached to a rope stretched between the aft funnel and the rainmast, the base being attached to the deck.

Arriving at 4 a.m. on 28 October at a point 10 miles outside Penang. the extra funnel was rigged and the German flag hoisted. The Captain of the Emden strongly denies that anything but his own flag was hoisted on this occasion.

Steaming up to the northern entrance of the Penang Roadstead at 5 a.m., the Captain of the Emden could see that a good deal of shipping was lying there and in the forefront a cruiser whose nationality he could not yet distinguish. Approaching to a range of about 600 yards he found that she was the Russian cruiser Jemtchug, She showed no signs of life and it appeared that all her crew must be asleep. Having manoeuvred into good position, the Emden fired a torpedo at a range of 400-500 yards hitting the Russian just beneath the aft funnel. This was quickly followed by another at even closer the North Channel."

THE NAVY

range which struck a point just below the bridge. The first torpedo caused the Russian to sink several feet deeper in the water, and the second caused a terrific explosion and heeled the vessel over on one side. The Emden was during this time pouring broadsides into the Russian, sweeping her decks at point blank range 100 shots in all were fired by the Emden. The few shots fired by the Russian had no effect on the Emden.

The account of the engagement which appeared in the Cevlon Observer is as follows:

"The Emden had been lying outside Penang on Tuesday, 27 October, and about 5 a.m. the following morning when the light was still faint and deceptive, steamed into the man-o'-war anchorage and took up position. She was seen by the Jemtchug but as the morning light was still faint and as she had rigged a dummy fourth funnel, she passed for the British ship Yarmouth just long enough to enable her to manoeuvre into position for a sudden and effective attack on the Russian. Just as the latter became aware of the Emden's identity, a torpedo from that vessel struck her and the Germans swept her decks with a terrific broadside from about 300 yards range.

"The Jemtchug had no chance of defending herself, but replied gamely. It was no use, for it could he seen through the flames and smoke, that she was listing so badly as to make her replies futile. Two other broadsides followed from the Emden and a terrific explosion ensued. A second torpedo having been successfully launched from the Emden, great rents were torn in the doomed Russian vessel, and she sank amidst a great cloud of black smoke

"Just 15 minutes elapsed from the opening of the cannonade to the sinking. About 100 men went down out of 355. Several French torpedo boats were close in but like the Jemichug had no steam up.

"Having sunk the Jemtchug, the Emden moved slowly round and opened fire on the oil tanks-none of which were hit.

"The Emden left the harbour by

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having fired on the oil tanks as he was unaware of their existence. Otherwise-as he said-he would certainly have bombarded them.

The Jemichug was a superior ship to the Emden and, if an efficient look-out had been kept, the Penang raid might have had a different ending.

As mentioned above, the Emden left the harbour at full speed after destroying the Jemtchug. She was fired at from an unknown quarter whilst leaving-possibly a shot from one of the several small French boats in harbour, but as the shots did no harm and as the Emden could not readily make out the position of the hostile craft, he continued on his way.

When some little distance outside Penang, the Emden met a strange vessel which as he approached hoisted the red flag, indicating that she was a powder steamer-and which turned out to be the British ship Glen Turret. She had signalled to land for a pilot and he had just reached the Glen Turret when the Emden appeared.

On the approach of the cruiser. he returned to his launch which made off at full speed for Penang. The Emden did not interfere with him in any way but proceeded to transfer the crew of the Glen Turret to the Emden.

While this operation was in progress, a war vessel of some description appeared on the horizon. making for Penang. The Emden at once recalled her boats which were in the act of transferring the crew of the Glen Turret, and made off to meet the approaching ship. At 6.000 yards she appeared much larger than she really was, owing to the deceptive early morning light. but as they closed in to 4,800 yards. they found her to be the French orpedo boat destroyer Mousquet.

The Emden opened fire at this ange and struck the engine room with her opening shots.

She fired several broadsides at the fousquet, practically all of which found their mark. She then ceased fre. expecting the Mousquet to be a total wreck and to surrender. She, rowever, gamely replied with about

the Emden.

The Emden again opened fire and very shortly the Mousquet was seen to be sinking by the bow. The Captain of the Emden then ceased fire and stood by to pick up the survivors who numbered 36.-three of whom subsequently died of their wounds on the Emden.

The French prisoners said that the Mousquet had fired two torpedoes but these were not seen by the Emden. They also said that they had seen the Emden the previous night when they were patrolling the coast, but believed her to be a British cruiser.

The Emden, having lost a lot of valuable time on account of his engagement with the Mousquet. now saw another torpedo boat approaching from Penang. She at once set out for the Indian Ocean at full speed with the torpedo boat in chase but managed to elude her after a four hours run in heavy rain.

Proceeding on the way to her collier Buresk, the Emden met with the British freight steamer Newburn on 30 October. She was laden with general merchandise for Singapore. All the surviving French prisoners were placed on board and she was ordered to sail direct for Sabang in Sumatra.

The Emden reached her collier on 31 October and then sailed in company with her to the Cocos Islands, which were reached on the evening of Sunday, 8 November, She sailed round the islands to see that all was clear and, at 5.30 a.m. on Monday, 9 November, proceeded to Direction Island with her dummy funnel rigged for the third time.

Her object was to destroy the wireless station and cut the cables -and with this in view, the Cantain landed a force of four officers and about 40 men, taking with them 4 machine guns.

It appears to the writer that the fatal mistake made by the Captain of the Emden was the unshipping of his dummy funnel before his landing party had actually landed. This gave the wireless operator on land the information that the vessel was in all probability a hostile one Emden's guns was 6,000 yardsand gave him the requisite few

The Captain of the Emden denies ten shots, none of which reached minutes grace necessary to send the S.O.S. signal which brought the Sydney to the spot.

> It is superfluous to give here a detailed account of the ensuing engagement as it has been described with great minuteness by people who were in a position to get all the details. An account has, I believe, been published giving the effect of practically every shot fired during the engagement.

It has seldom been possible to get such a complete record of a naval fight as in the case of the duel between Sydney and the Emden. The quaint situation of the Captains of the two vessels conferring afterwards on board the Sydney and piecing together their relative positions and movements as the action proceeded, made it possible for a most detailed report of the fight to be arrived at.

A few notes on aspects of the encounter which may not have been previously published may be of interest.

Firstly, the presence of the Emden so close to the Australian Convoy was altogether fortuitous. Captain Von Müller told me that he knew that troops were to be sent from Australia to Europe but he could not find out their route or date of sailing.

As has been mentioned elsewhere, on the appearance of the Sydney on the horizon, the Emden was under the impression that it was the Newcastle and it was not discovered that the oncoming ship was not the Newcastle until it was so late that, in the words of Captain Von Müller. 'I had no alternative but give battle'.

The Emden's now famous first shot, fired at the Sydney at a range of 10,000 yards from one of her 4.1 inch guns, was naturally a shot at absolutely extreme range. This shot missed the Sydney, striking the water about 500 yards beyond her. The gun was elevated at the absurd angle of over 30° in order to throw her shells this distance-over 54 miles. Normal long range for the under 31 miles.

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At no time during the fight did the Sydney allow the Emden to come closer to her than 5.000 yards—comfortable range for the Sydney, fairly extreme range for the Emden.

In describing the fight, Captain Von Müller expressed a rather depressed surprise that the Sydney had, when she returned from her chase after the collier, "opened fire again on our wreck".

The answer would seem to be a combination of two reasons—that the *Emden's* flag was still flying, and that the *Sydney* had no reason to believe that the torpedo flat on the *Emden* was out of action.

As a matter of fact 1 understood from the Captain of the Emden that, although it was not in the portion of the ship that was uterly destroyed, it was nevertheless put out of action and Lieutenant Prince Von Hohenzollern, who was torpedo officer, took up his position with the Captain in the conning tower half way through the engagement.

It seems as if the *Emden* wished to capitulate, but wanted to avoid striking her flag and that her rather strange action was due to this and not to any sinister intention of torpedoing the *Sydney* when she approached to take off the survivors.

The Captain said that his International Code Book had been burnt and that he could not understand the Sydney's signals calling him to surrender.

Their flag was eventually hauled lown by the Captain's servant. Werner, who at great personal risk nanaged to get over the intervening jeck space under fire, climb the nast and unwire the flag.

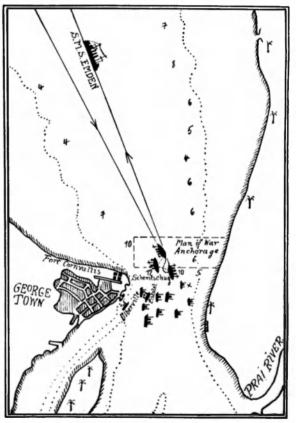
The Captain denies that anything like 1.500 shots were fired by the conden, as has been said in one eccount of the fight. His ammuniton supplying arrangements were camaged early in the fight, and he tinks it improbable that more than 00 shots could have been fired.

Captain Von Müller says that in the whole engagement he could only see the effect of one of his shots on the *Sydney*. This was a shot which set fire to a heap of cordite which was on the deck and which burned up in a blaze, doing very little other damage. tween the ship and the bottom was sharpedged coral. Several attempts to get

Dr. Luther who was on the Enden told me that the condition of the men who swam ashore from the Enden to the Island was terrible. Their wounds were irritated by the salt water and those who were not drowned in the surf went through a night of agony on land, without shelter, water or food. The short intervening stretch of surf be-

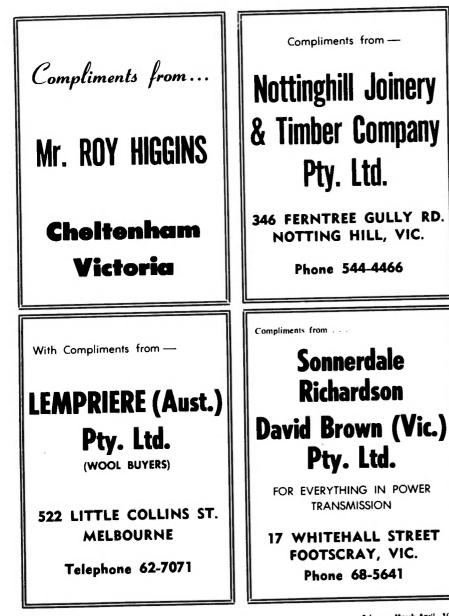
tween the ship and the shore was rough and the bottom was sharpedged coral. Several attempts to get a line ashore were made but it was found impossible, with the result that many were drowned in attempting to swim the breakers in their weakened condition.

The survivors were taken off the *Emden* and from the Island by the *Sydney* who transferred the unwounded to the *Empress of Russia* in mid-ocean. The latter boat had been called to the scene by the



THE Emden's RAID ON PENANG Copy of a sketch by an officer in the Emden.

THE NAVY



Sydney, as her own accommodation for the prisoners was altogether inadequate. Both vessels now made for Colombo where the badly wounded were left in hospital and the remainder taken on board the Australian troopships Orvieto. Omrah and the New Zealand ship Maunganui, on which they travelled to Port Said. At the latter port all the prisoners were transferred to the Hampshire in which they were taken to their place of interment.

When on the Sydney, the officers gave a limited parole on which they were allowed certain liberties on their word not to harm or attempt to injure the ship in any way. The four officers who were on the Orvieto, the Captain (Fregattencapitan Karl Von Müller), Lieutenant Prince Franz Joseph Von Hohenzollern, Dr. (Stabsartz) Martin Luther, and Lieutenant Zur See Fickentcher, refused to give their parole and were consequently interned in four cabins on the promenade deck under an armed guard. They were given their meals in the Children's Saloon and exercised on the deck, which was cleared for the purpose, for two hours daily.

The men, of course, gave no parole and were interned in a latticed off portion of the stern of the ship under a strong guard. They did physical drill twice daily on one of the lower decks under instruction: from their Warrant Officers.

Both officers and men expressed satisfaction at their treatment on board the troopship.

Thus ended what has been described as 'a raiding episode such as Eastern waters have not witnessed since the days when these particular trade routes were subject to continual depredations.'

The *Emden* has, this same source continues, created a bigger stir in British commercial circles than the rest of the German Fleet put together.

FOOTNOTE:

"In finding this account of the cruise of the *Emiden* that I wrote 55 years ago, I am reminded of what a fine person Captain Von Müller was. He was a gallant gentleman in the real sense. In all the seizures and sinkings that the *Emiden* achieved I do not believe a life was lost.

We posted a guard on the quarters in the Orvieto occupied by Von Müller and his officers and men. The guards were all 6 ft. 3 ins. or more, which created the impression that all Australians were as tall and well built as this.

When occasionally at meals one of von Müller's officers made a remark to or about me that von Müller regarded as out of place in the circumstances, he would bark at him in rapid and corrosive German and the officer subsided in embarrassment.

When it came to yon Müller and his officers leaving the Orvieto at Port Said, he asked me if he could have the privilege of leaving the ship in civilian clothes as he regarded it as contrary to his dignity as a German officer to be photographed as a prisoner of war in uniform. I agreed and had some ready made clothes got quickly from a store in Port Said, which turned out to be abominably illfitting, and with a fancy felt hat and vellow boots. However it was the best that could be done in the circumstances."

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OFFICIAL OPENING F T.S. PARRAMATTA

Headquarters in Rydalmere of TS PARRAMATTA, which was granted Naval Board recognition in 1965, was officially opened on December 21.

The Guard and ship's company were inspected by Rear-Admiral H. A. Showers, State President, Navy League of Australia. He was escorted by Commander L. Mackay-Cruise, R.A.N.R., Senior Officer, Naval Cadet Force, New South Wales, and the Commanding Officer. TS PARRAMATTA, Sea Cadet Lieutenant A. Stevenson.

The dedication service was carried out by the Senior Chaplain of the Mission to Seamen, the Rev. Colin Craven-Sands.

After the dedication the building was officially opened by Mrs. I., Mackay-Cruise.

Official guests included Mr. Nigel Bowen, QC. Federal Member for Parramatta, the Mayor of Parramatta, Alderman Wilde, Commander K. Graham, M.B.E., R.A.N., Staff Officer Reserves, the President and Committee members of Guildford R.S.L.

The band of the Royal Australian Naval Reserve, Sydney Port Division, was on parade.

During the afternoon the unit's first boat, a 14-foot dinghy, was delivered, much to the surprise and delight of the officers and cadets.

Light refreshments were served by the Ladies' Committee of TS PARRAMATTA.

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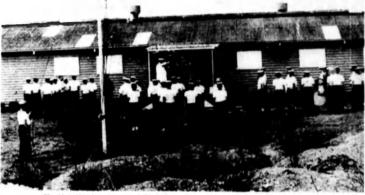
- A Photographiecord by the R.A.N. Photographer -



The Official Opening Ceremony by Mrs. L. Mackay-Cruise. L. to R.: Lt.-CmW. Page, Parramatta's First Lieutenant; Lt.-Cmdr. L. Mackay-Cruise, Senior Officer, Nav Force. N.S.W.: Mrs. K. Graham; Lt. A. Stevenson, C.O., TS Parramatta; Mrs. L. Mackay-C. Colin Craven-Sands: Alderman Wilde, Mayor of Parramatta; Rear-Admiral H. A. Showerpend Commander K. Graham, M.B.E., R.A.N.



Rear-Admiral H. A. Shawers, C.B.E., President of the N.S.W. Divisit Navy League. accompanied by Lt.-Cmdr. L. Mackay-Cruise and Lt. A. Stevenson, Cadete.



The Unit Headquarters. At left: Cadets of the Unit. At right: The R.A.N.R. Band



At the conclusion of afficial proceedings, Officers and Cadets were surprised by the unexpected delivery of the Unit's first 14 ft, boat.

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THE NAVY

February-March-April.

PAGES GLUED TOGETHER



SEA CADET CORPS NEWS

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TS MELBOURNE (Sea Cadet RUK, N.S.W.; including the A.C.T.; Lieutenant D. McGillivrav) is a Frigate class unit at Albert Park and was recognised by the Naval Board in 1951.



WEVE VES MADAME - WE'RE FULLY AWARE -NICE LITTLE ROUND WINDOWS

Captain R. C. Savage, R.A.N., who inspected the units, said:

"I was pleased indeed with the high standard of dress. I feel that each unit I inspected merited the honour of being custodian of the Sea Cadet Colour for that State.

"The Darwin unit. TS WARRA-MUNGA, was considered on the Naval Officer-in-Charge North Australia Area's report, and merits special mention on this occasion.

"I enjoyed inspecting the units and commend all those responsible for their efficient organisation."

SEA CADETS JOIN H.M.A.S. CRESWELL

Three former Sea Cadets from New South Wales units joined the Royal Australian Naval College as Cadet Midshipmen last January:---

Acting Cadet Petty Officer Anthony Drover, formerly of TS Sydnev.

Cadet Leading Seaman Kenneth John Hornery and Cadet A.B. David Gordon Street, formerly of TS Sirius.

News of these successful applications must have been most gratifying to the Senior Officer and Officers of the N.S.W. Division.

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THE NAVY

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Page Forty-two





"The Civilian Arm of the Navy"

The principal objective of the a valuable reserve for the Naval Navy League of Australia is to Service. stress the vital importance of Sea Power to the Commonwealth of Nations and the important role played by the Royal Australian

Navy. The League, in conjunction with the Commonwealth Naval Board, administers the Australian Sea Cadet Corps, by providing finance and technical sea training for boys who intend to serve in the Naval or Merchant Services, also to those sea-minded boys, who do not in-

We invite you to swell our ranks and so keep up to date with Maritime Affairs to help to build an ever-increasing weight of informed public opinion. The Navy League will then become widely known and exercise an important influence in the life of the Australian Nation.

The League consists of Fellows and Associates. All British subjects who support the objectives of the League are eligible for memberwho given this knowledge will form League's magazine "The Navy".

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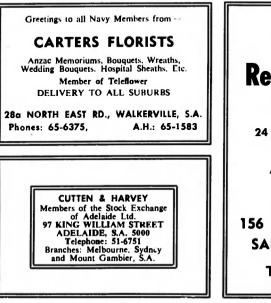
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a voluntary organisation admini- any medical examination and are stered by the Commonwealth Naval fully insured against accident while Board and The Navy League of on duty. Australia.

The aim of the Australian Sea Cadet Corps is to provide for the spiritual, social and educational welfare of boys and to develop in them character, a sense of patriotism. self-reliance, citizenship and discipline

charge.

Parades are held on Saturday afternoons and certain Units hold an additional parade one night a week.

covers a wide sphere and includes seamanship, handling of boats under sail and power, navigation. nalling, splicing of wire and ropes, vices.

The Australian Sea Cadet Corps is Cadets are not required to undergo general sporting activities and other varied subjects.

Instructional camps are arranged for Sea Cadets in Naval Establishments, and they are also given opportunities, whenever possible, to undertake training at sea in ships of the Royal Australian Navy.

Cadets, if considering a sea career, The interesting syllabus of training are given every assistance to join the Royal Australian Navy, the Mercantile Marine or the Royal Australian Naval Reserve, but there Uniforms are supplied free of physical training, rifle shooting, sig- is no compulsion to join these Ser-

For further information please contact the Divisional Senior Officer in your State, using the Form provided below.

Senior Officers, Australian Sea Cadet Corps

VICTORIA: C/- Room 8, 8th Floor, 528 Collins St., NEW SOUTH WALES: "El Abrigo", 4 Rangers Ave., Melhourne, 3000. Cremorne, 2090. WESTERN AUSTRALIA: C/- 182 Coode St., Como, OUEENSLAND: C/- Box 376E. G.P.O., Brisbane, 6152 4001. AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY: Industry House, National Circuit, Barton, 2600. SOUTH AUSTRALIA: C/- Box 1529M. G.P.O., NORTHERN TERRITORY: Box 444, P.O., Darwin, Adelaide, 5001. 5794 TASMANIA: C/-

TO. The Senior Officer.

Australian Sea Cadet Corps

I am interested in joining the Australian Sea Cadet Corps and would be pleased to receive further information.

NAME STREET SUBURB STATE OR TERRITORY POST CODE AGE PHONE No. (Please print clearly) Please address your envelope to the Senior Officer in your State or Territory-see list of addresses above THE NAVY THE NAVY

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February-March-April, 1969



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MISSILE BOATS AND THE ROYAL AUSTRALIAN NAVY

By R. G. MILLAR

All through last year large numbers of the new 100 feet mobility and speed of the launch patrol boats have joined the fleet and from every corner of the country there are screams for more of them to be made available.

It is probably too late to ask this question, as it appears the full number of 20 will be completed. but, what naval advantage do we gain by having these vessels?

boats, their limited armament, good seagoing ability and relatively fast speed, make them ideal for this type of work, especially in protecting our country's fishing grounds. but if any major threat to Australia's security developed, all these vessels would be hard put defending themselves against any passing MIG let alone inflicting any damage

on the aggressor. At a time when the Australian navy is hard put getting new vessels of any type, it is a crime to spend such large sums (over 400.000 dollars a boat) on vessels of such limited use.

Nevertheless, the boats are with us to stay, but it is still interesting to examine one of the better ways this money could have been employed or might in future be.

In October of last year the Israeli destroyer "ELATH" was sent to the bottom by "Styx' missiles (1000 lb wathead, 15-18 miles range) and if they are supplied to the North Vietnamese shore batteries, which it appears they will be, it is quite possible that all shore bombardments will come to an end, as these missiles far outrange the standard destroyer gun and the larger ships will be forced back to the limit of their range from the coast.

There are several other cases (North Vietnamese MTB's got within 3 miles of the U.S.S. Maddox and U.S.S. Turner Joy in August of 64. Had they been armed with missiles?) which all point to the effectiveness of this veapon, and it cannot be argued hat the country possessing these missiles possesses a weapon of unlimited defence value.

35 cwt launcher the "Osa Class" natrol boat, are protected from air vessel

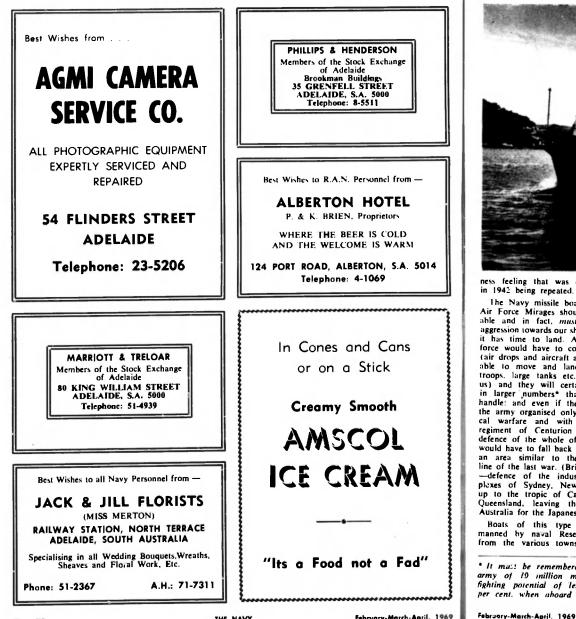
If they were obtained and operated in groups of four to five, they When mounted on their 200 ton could be based in strength from Geraldton to Thursday Island, and then up through New Guinea. This attack by 4, 25 mm, fully automatic would give us a shield right across radar controlled guns, extra strike our unprotected north and it should They are definitely good patrol potential is gained through the remove the chances of the naked-



HMAS BAYONET, the last of 20 pairol boats to be launched for the R.A.N., moves down the slipway at the Maryborough shipyards of Walkers Ltd. She was launched during November by Mrs. Lillian Furves, wife of the Third Naval Member and Chief of Naval Technical Services, Rear Admiral F. W. Purves,

February-March-April, 1969

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THE NAVY

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HMAS ATTACK, 100 ft. patrol beat, is stationed at Darwin.

ness feeling that was experienced in 1942 being repeated.

The Navy missile boats and the Air Force Mirages should be capable and in fact, must stop any aggression towards our shores before it has time to land. An invasion force would have to come by sea (air drops and aircraft are still unable to move and land sufficient troops, large tanks etc. to defeat us) and they will certainly come in larger numbers* than we can handle: and even if they did not the army organised only for tropical warfare and with only one regiment of Centurion tanks for defence of the whole of Australia would have to fall back and defend an area similar to the Brisbane line of the last war. (Brisbane Line -defence of the industrial complexes of Sydney, Newcastle etc. up to the tropic of Capricorn in Queensland, leaving the rest of vessels of this capability. Australia for the Japanese.)

Boats of this type could be manned by naval Reserve forces from the various towns or cities

army of 19 million men has a -the "Malkara" anti-tank missile, our allies to defend us can only fighting potential of less than I and if we can construct such a have one end. We will fight 1942 per cent. when aboard ship.

February-March-April, 1969

from which they were operating system as the Ikara anti-submarine and this would result in the Reserve becoming a first rate naval force. knowing and able to take advantage of every natural advantage the stretch of coastline they were responsible for offered.

A good point against these boats. would be the installing of the missiles ashore, thus removing the cost of the launch boat, but in the case of Australia this is not valid. The vast stretches of coast require mobility to ensure the full coverage and also protection of our fishing grounds, if they are to survive the poaching.

Finally we come to the pointwhere would we obtain the vessels and missiles from?-Certainly the Soviet Union would not supply them to us, so we would have to look elsewhere, and this is not easy, as no Western power possesses can protect our country from

obtained from SAAB of Sweden, abroad. As it stands now our navy as they are believed to have de- can carry a very limited war to an veloped a similar missile. If not, enemy's shores but it cannot defend we could build them ourselves. Why our shores. Failure to take a realisnot! We helped develop a very tic look at where Australia stands " It must be remembered that an crude type of weapon of this type in Asia, to count on the might of complicated and deadly weapon again. What do you think?

missile, why not a ship to ship missile.

For launch vessels, big German Jaguar Class MTB could be obtained and converted to ship four of these missiles, but if we designed and built launch vessels in our shipyards it would probably prove of more benefit to the shipbuilding industry of Australia, and could also result in export orders. The shipyards have shown they are capable of completing vessels of this type very quickly once they are tooled up for their construction, and this would prove of immense value in strengthening the initial force, should war develop.

If these missile boats are obtained and if sufficient Airforce Mirage aircraft are available to operate with them, we probably invasion no matter what reverses The missiles could probably be our or our allies' troops suffer

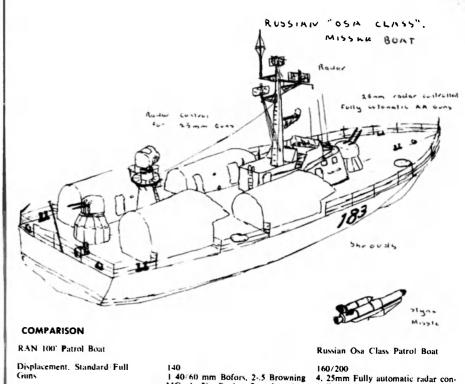
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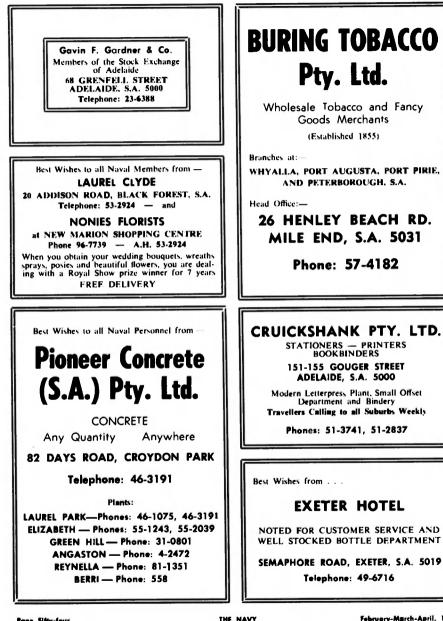
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THE NAVY



Attention Navy Men

A number of Sea Cadet Units are in need of additional adult personnel with Service background to instruct Cadets. Anyone who may be prepared to give of his time on Saturday afternoons is asked to please contact the Cadet Liaison Officer, Lieutenant McPherson, H.M.A.S. WATSON, telephone 37-1311 extension 256 between 0800 and 1530 for further particulars.

The Units concerned are:----

Unit	Location		
T.S. ALBATROSS	Wollongong		
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NEWS FROM BRITAIN

(The Editor is indebted to the officers of the Information Service of the British High Commission in Australia for their ready assistance in the compilation of this article).

ADVANCED ANTI-COLLISION RADARS

Potential collision risks can now be evaluated with great speed and simplicity on a true motion display by the use of new anti-collision radars which include for the first time ever. Relative Motion Marker systems.

The unit offers the navigator a unique and practical means of simultaneously displaying relative information on a true motion presentation which shows the overall navigational picture.

By superimposing 'electronic' markers on a true motion presentation it is possible to see simultaneously the true and relative movement of other vessels in an encounter. Kevnotes of the system are its opera-

have enabled high reliability and low cost to be achieved. These advantages, combined with the advanced operational capability of the equipment, make it suitable for all types of merchant and naval vessels.

Up to five Relative Motion Markers can be used simultaneously to monitor separate collision risks. The markers are painted continuously by a new 'inter-scan' technique and are independent of the rotating main scan paint of the radar picture. Each marker is a one-inch long

straight line with a bright spot at one end that can be used to position the marker on an echo at any point on the display. Fixed

All markers extend inwards to-

tional and technical simplicity which wards 'own shin' from the bright spot, and once set, remain fixed at the same range and compass bearing to 'own ship', moving across the true motion display with it.

If a marker is positioned on an echo, a collision risk exists if the echo closes 'own ship' along the marker line of constant bearing. If the echo moves off the line, its relative motion is shown from the bright spot and its closest point of approach can be seen.

The five markers, which are entirely independent of each other, are operated from simple controls mounted on the true motion panel. The controls include range and bearing adjustment, brightness, an amber operating range indicator and five switches, one for each marker.



ANOTHER NUCLEAR-POWERED SUBMARINE JOINS BRITAIN'S ROYAL NAVY

HMS Repulse, another of the nuclear-powered Polaris submarines to join Britain's Royal Navy, leaves Barrow-in-Furness. north-west England, recently, having previously been commissioned into the 10th Submarine Squadron. After acceptance trials off Scotland and in the North Atlantic, the submarine—she carries 16 Polaris missiles and is also armed with siz 21-inch torpedo tubes-will undergo a normal "work-up" period before crossing the Atlantic to test her missiles and Bring system on the Atlantic range. With a displacement of some 7,000 tons, the Repulse, one of the largest submarines in the world, was completed three months ahead of schedule by her British builders and should be fully operational by mid-1969, Built by Vickers Ltd., Shipbuilding Group, Barrow-in-Fumess, Lancashire, England.

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conditioned living space, laboratory control raom and chart room equipped with high speed witch, photograb, deer corers, dredge samplers, closed circuit television, electronic position finding, radar, photo processing, autopilot and battom profiling gear. Currently employed on undersea Phosphas: Research.

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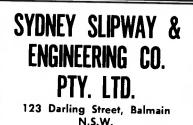
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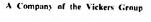
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NOW THEY GO TO SEA ON BIKES

Two British ship's officers, Captain B. L. Bater (left) and First Officer David Boothroyo, Iry out a new idea for making their duties easier, by using suitably equipped bicycles to cover the long deck of their vessel, the 170,000 ton ESSO MERCIA --- seen here in dock recently at Belfast, Northern Ireland, it was claimed that on het recent maiden voyage, the 1,010 ft. long oil tanker was the biggest and almost the longest ship (the Cunard QUEENS beat her by a few feet) e er to have entered British waters. The sheer length — nearly a fifth of a mile — of this enormous vessel, prompted the ship's owners to buy the bicycles for use on the tanker during her 12,000-mile voyage between Northern Ireland and the Persian Gulf. Now it seems that although bicycles may seldom have been used like this before the time-saving idea will probably spread.

to be brought up on the display. and to be moved to any range and bearing without affecting the position of the others.

Relative motion markers can be used on the three, six and 12 nautical mile range scales. The availability of the markers is shown by on selected frequencies. the operating range indicator which is illuminated when one of these scales is in use.

There are four radars in the new 12 inch range, offering a choice of 10kW or 25kW transceivers and 6 ft. or 9 ft. aerials.

Decca Radar Ltd.-Decca House, 9 Albert Embankment, London, S.E.I. Australian Agents: Electronic Industries Ltd., Communications & Navigation Division, 161-173 Sturt Street, South Melbourne, Vic. 3205. Also branch in Sydney.

February-March-April, 1969

only. There is virtually no wastage in the form of harmonics.

Limitless

The aerial is particularly suited to lifeboats where a conventional whip aerial might hamper helicopter rescue work. It also suits pilot launches, fishing, and similar craft -but the range of uses is limitless. When deck mounted a special bracket is used on lifeboats and pilot launches. It is of especial use on cargo boats where the lack of superstructure makes the fitting of whip aerials impossible.

Extremely compact and robust, the aerial is completely waterproof and connection is to a downlead in a waterproofed compartment in the aerial base. Up to 1kW of power can be used. If necessary, two V.F. aerials can be used with less interaction.

Length of the aerial, the Partridge Marine Variable Frequency Aerial, is 8 ft, and diameter is 11 inches.

NEW LIFEJACKET VALVE IS SIMPLE, SAFE, ROBUST

Sealing arrangements in a new inflating valve for lifejackets and similar devices are of a design that greatly reduces the risk of blockages

The valve, called the Crewsaver, is robust and simply constructed in chemically-inert and non-toxic materials and is intended for shrinkfitting into the P.V.C. tube of a lifeiacket.

Its body houses a valve shuttle with a built-in sealing ring of synthetic rubber and an 18/8 stainless steel spring, all retained by a snaplock base cap. Body, valve shuttle and base cap are moulded from polypropylene, which will not deteriorate or deform even under extreme tropical conditions-24 hours at 55 degrees C, and at a relative humidity of 95-and is unaffected by sea water.

Flutes on the valve shuttle give it a self-centring action, and consequently the scaling ring built into it always locates correctly on the valve seat. The position and shape of the ring tend to cause deflection of any solid particles that enter the mouth of the valve.

Deflator Key

A dust cap incorporating a deflator key is made of low-density

THE NAVY

These switches enable any marker VARIABLE FREQUENCY GLASS FIBRE MARINE AERIAL

> A fibre glass variable frequency marine aerial developed by a British firm is claimed to have a unique construction which simulates an odd number of exact quarter waves

This results in the signal coming out of the TX at low impedance on any selected frequency providing the tank circuit is correctly tuned. The firm says that a very high 'O' value -resonance-is achieved on any selected frequency including the marine 2 megacycles band, medium frequency and into the high frequency hands.

When carefully tuned on installa-

tion, the aerial gives a substantially

complete transfer of radio frequency

power on the fundamental frequency

THE NAVY





inches by 31 inches by 21 inches and weighs 13 lb. It is also connected to the ship's power supply and is available in 12V, 24V, 32V or 36V D.C. versions.

The indicator, available in 4 inch or 21-inch diameter versions weighing 3 lb. and 1 lb. respectively, is fitted with Beta lights for nighttime illumination.

MARINE WATER-COOLED DIESEL ENGINE

A new marine water-cooled diesel engine rated at 15 b.h.p. at 2,000 r.p.m. is a four stroke two cylinder unit suitable for a wide variety of commercial and pleasure craft, claim the British makers,

mostatically controlled direct raw is encased in a cylindical glass fibre water system, though the engine container that slides into a housing can also be cooled by the keel pipe in the stern, without any fastening.

method if desired.

Standard equipment includes a manually-operated reverse gearbox. though a hydraulically - operated gearbox is available as an alternative.

Lister Blackstone Pty. Ltd., 1 Unwins Bridge Road, St. Peters, N.S.W. 2044.

ROTATABLE ENGINE WILL DRIVE AND STEER CRAFT IN ALL DIRECTIONS

A motorboat with a rotatable engine that will drive and steer the craft in all directions, even backwards, has been developed by a (Selby) Ltd. of Yorkshire.

Claimed to be unsinkable, it has Cooling is normally by a ther- a four-stroke, 2 h.p. engine which

It can be rotated through 360 degrees on its vertical axis, giving the boat great manoeuvrability.

The fan-cooled engine unit is 31 inches high, weighs 28 lb, and has a triple-bladed propellor, fitted with a shear pin. Watersealed, it has twin driving belts for reliability.

Constructed in coloured fibreglass, and supplied with wooden oars, the boat has built-in buoyancy tanks filled with rigid polyurethane foam that incorporate seats.

It is 8 feet long, 4 feet wide, 19 inches deep and seats two adults and two children in comfort.

Easily carried by two people, it British firm, Michaels Garade is ideal for transport on a car roof rack. When the boat is inverted like this, the engine can be slipped, right way up, into the housing, thus avoiding fuel leaks.

> The craft is called the Water Beetle Mk. 11 motorboat.

AUSTRALIAN SEA CADET CORPS & R.A.N.R. SCHOOL CADETS NEWS

NEW SOUTH WALES DIVISION

Report on training and activities undertaken by the Australian Sea Cadet Corps and the R.A.N.R. School Cadets for the guarter ending 31st December, 1968.

days duration was carried out by The Scots College, R.A.N.R. School Cadet Unit in H.M.A.S. Creswell from 24.11.1968 to 1.12.1968.

Weekend training for Sea Cadets and R.A.N.R. School Cadets took place in the following ships and establishments.

H.M.A.S. Vendetta, 11-13 October. H.M.A.S. Anzac. 18-20 October. H.M.A.S. Creswell, 18-20 October. H.M.A.S. Stalwart, 18-20 October. H.M.A.S. Vendetta, 25-27 October. H.M.A.S. Creswell, 8-10 November. H.M.A.S. Watson, 15-17 November. H.M.A.S. Creswell, 6-8 December, H.M.A.S. Stalwart, 13-15 December. H.M.A.S. Vendetta, 13-15 Decemher

attended the services held at St Andrews Cathedral and St Marys H.M.A.S. Creswell, H.M.A.S. Cathedral on Sunday, 6 October to Nirimba and to the Town Hall to mark the conclusion of Navy Week. meet the Chief Commissioner. Time

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A continuous training period of 7 Cadets were used as ushers and to was also found for them to view hand out the Order of Service. On Sunday 27 October, 100

Cadets played an active part in the Annual Seafarer's Service held in St Andrews Cathedral in that they acted as flag bearers.

The Annual Sailing Regatta was held on Sunday 17 November and the courses were laid off Snapper Island. T.S. Sydney acted as the host Unit. Major trophies were won by T.S. Sydney and T.S. Warrego. A party of three from the U.K.

Sea Cadet Unit T.S. Jervis Bay comprising one Petty Officer Inarrived during November in the Shaw Savill M.V. Ionic. These personnel were billeted in H.M.A.S. Watson and the comprehensive pro-Officers, Instructors and Cadets gramme arranged for them included 21 December. amongst other items a visit to

THE NAVY

some of the major tourist attractions. in New South Wales.

After protracted negotiations, the Manly Municipal Council has agreed to grant T.S. Condamine (Manly Unit) the additional area of land requested by the Senior Officer and the matter has now been finalised. An Architect has offered his services free and is at present engaged in drawing up plans for a building commensurate to the attractive site. However, notwithstanding the many offers of physical assistance there still remains the problem of finding structor and two Instructor Cadets sufficient financial means to erect an adequate headquarters.

The official opening and dedication of T.S. Parramatta headquarters building took place on Saturday

L. MACKAY-CRUISE,

Commander, R.A.N.R., Senior Officer. FOR A DAY TO REMEMBER visit the

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MALAYSIAN NAVY TEAM



Members of the Royal Malaysian Training Review Team called on the Chief of personnel, Royal Australian Navy, Rear Admiral R. I. Peek, O.B.E., D.S.C. (Centre) at Navy Office, Canberra, late in 1968. The team was led by Commodore G. R. Griffiths, R.A.N. (second from right), adviser to the Chief of the Malaysian Naval Staff, The visitors (L. to R): Lt. Cmdr. Soon Tet Loy. Lt. Cmdr. Mohamed Jais Bin Abdullah and Lt. Tan Wah Thong. The team spent two weeks in Australia studying R.A.N. training facilities and equipment.

U.S. PROJECT ON NORFOLK ISLAND

The Australian Government has agreed to the United States Government installing a passive receiving station on Norfolk Island.

When operating, the station will assist the United States Air Force in a research programme involving the study of ionospheric propagation in relation to long range radio paths.

The experiment is being conducartificers in the Territory's patrol ted by the Barry Research Corporaboats. tion, Palo Alto, California, under

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ing at H.M.A.S. Tarangau, Manus Island in January, 1967. There they each completed six months common apprentice training plus 18 months as engine room artificer apprentices (see photo next page). Their specialised training will

December, 1966, and began train-

make them senior engineering sailors on the division's five Australianbuilt patrol boats,

MINE HUNTER - H.M.A.S. CURLEW

The former mine-sweeper H.M.AS. Curlew commissioned last December in her new role of minehunter, for which she was extensively modified at Garden Island Dockvard-the first mine-hunter in the R.A.N. The mine-hunter is the latest advance in mine countermeasures and is a significant addition to the Australian Fleet.

Using a high definition sonar set the vessel locates mines ahead of the ship to clear a channel. Clearance divers aboard the mine-hunter are used to delouse or destroy mines which are located. Vessels of this type may also be used for locating crashed aircraft or missiles.

Other modifications made to Curlew are the fitting of twin active power rudders which give her increased manoeuvring capabilities at low speeds.

The mine-sweeper H.M.A.S. Snipe is currently being converted to a mine-hunter.

NEW YEAR LOOK FOR R.A.N. SHIPS

From 1 January all R.A.N. ships carried new-style hull numbers on their bows and on each quarter.

The new form of numbering requires that they be square instead of rounded, thus improving visibility at sea; prefix letters have been omitted except for auxiliary vessels Each joined the Papua New which retain letters, but of a smaller the sponsorship of the U.S. Air Guinea Division of the R.A.N. in size. Numbers have been omitted

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THE NAVY

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Force in co-operation with the Aus-

PAPUA-NEW GUINEA

NAVY APPRENTICES

The first four Papua-New Guinea

sailors to train as apprentices in

Australia arrived at H.M.A.S.

Nirimba, the Navy's apprentice

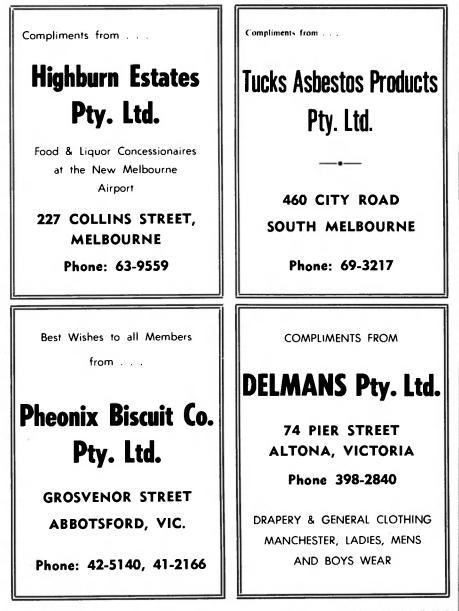
training establishment at Quaker's

Hill, N.S.W., last January, to start

18 months of advanced technical

training to graduate as engine room

tralian Department of Supply.





Petty Officer G. Cunnington, issues faatball baats to artificer apprentices A. Linga R. Heni (centre) and G. Aiede.



Our photograph shows HMAS YARRA receiving her final tauches

from the stern and replaced by smaller numbers on each quarter. The new numbering system follows the practice of the U.S., Canadian and Pakistani navies (photo below).

H.M.A.S. BAYONET

The last of the 20 fast patrol boats built for the R.A.N., H.M.A.S. *Bayonet*, was commissioned at Urangan, Queensland on 22 February.

SURVEY TEAM IN NEW PATROL BOAT

The fifth patrol boat for service in the Papua-New Guinea Division of the R.A.N., H.M.A.S. Madang, left Sydney on 24 February to join the P.N.G. patrol boat squadron. *Mudang* carried a 7 man team of Navy and Army surveyors to survey the coastline of the Territory. Surveying of the north-coast of Papua-New Guinea is to commence about 20 March.

INDONESIAN STAFF COLLEGE

A party of staff and students from the Indonesian Naval Staff and Command School arrived in Australia on Saturday, 22 February, to visit Australian Service Establishments.

The visit was part of the School's curriculum which enables a group of senior officers to familiarise themselves with conditions in Australia. The 42 officers, led by Rear Admiral K. Djelani, Commandant of the School, were accompanied by the Australian Naval Attache. Djakarta, Captain W. J. Lovell, R.A.N. The party commenced their tour on 25 February at the Naval Air Station and Joint Anti-Submarine School, Nowra, N.S.W

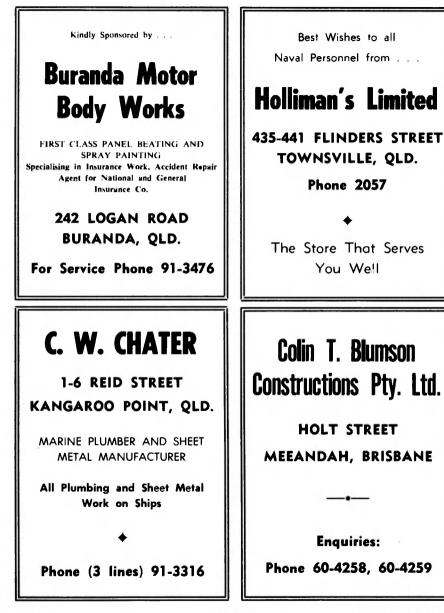
There followed visits to the training establishment H.M.A.S. Cerberus, the government Aircraft factory, the A.C.T., Garden Island Naval Dockyard and the apprentice training establishment. H.M.A.S. Nirimha.

H.M.A.S. MELBOURNE RETURNS TO FLEET

At Garden Island Naval Dockyard on Friday, 14 February, the R.A.N. welcomed back to the operational fleet, the flagship, H.M.A.S. *Melhourne*.

The 20,000 ton aircraft carrier had completed a one-year modernisation programme and her operational squadrons of Skyhawks, Trackers and Wessex 31B helicop-





The Royal Navy's New TACTICAL TEACHER

by JOHN MARRIOTT in "Navy'

When the R.N. Tactical School moves from Woolwich to H.M.S. Drvad in 1970 is is to have a brand new Action Speed Tactical Trainer. This is now nearing completion of development at Ferranti Ltd. and was shown to the Press for the first time on 8th November.

and aircraft now coming into service the faithful old A.S.T.T. at Woolwich has got out of date and indeed in many cases is incapable of simulating modern conditions. This was realized some years ago and a staff requirement was raised for a much more sophisticated and versatile trainer. The Digital Systems Department of Ferranti were awarded a contract to develop one in conjunction with the Admiralty Surface Weapons Establishment and work started in August 1964.

The designers were determined to come up with something which not only met present day requirements, but which would be sufficiently versatile to meet all future requirements for at least the next 10 years, and they have produced a really first-class system which they claim is the most advanced tactical trainer in the world.

The core of the whole trainer is three Ferranti digital F1600 computers. These incredible machines can store up to 100,000 words. automatically perform all the varigame and carry out a thousand Changes of speed are similarly other computations in a fraction of a second.

The trainer itself consists of 20

With modern weapons, missiles her of P.P.I. type of displays, which, sents the operations room, to talk displays found in ships, between them produce to the Command exactly the same information that would be available in a modern operations room of a ship.

> There is a large, 24-in, cathoderay tube on which are displayed all the detections made, together with alphabetical-numerical symbols indicating their track number, category, speed, etc. In addition there is a 'tote' display, very similar to that found in a ship, and one, or in some cases two, other filtered displays.

The cubicles are fitted with key- either watch the whole tactical picboards by means of which the students can give various instructions to any display in any cubicle. They the computer. For instance, if it is desired to alter course to 040 turning to port. TURN PORT 040 is typed on the keyboard and an injection key pressed to feed the order to the computer. The ship then turns to the new course with all the correct delays for wheel-over, etc., imposed. It is even possible to differentiate between 'hard over' and ous functions, produce the tracks only a few degrees of wheel; a rate of all the units taking part in a of turn control being provided. realistically simulated and it is possible to order a zigzag or to sinuate.

A complete H.F. and U.H.F. comcubicles, with provision for a fur- munications system is provided to ther four, each of which can be enable cubicles on the same side programmed to represent any type to talk to each other, and there is of unit, seaborne, airborne or sub- also a phone system in each cubicle merged. In each cubicle are a num- to enable the cubicle, which repre- separate Wash-up Room where the

although not identical with similar to the bridge (represented by the directing staff)

> Data transmission of plot details can be simulated and made to appear automatically on the 'tote' and the displays exactly as is done when data transmission between ships is in use. Where this is not the case, voice plot information can also be passed between cubicles as if it was being sent by voice radio. On receipt it is inserted manually via the keyboard so that it shows up on the displays.

> The directing staff have a number of displays on which they can ture, a blown-up portion of it, or also have arrangements for driving up to 100 units themselves, but since 100 would be too many for them to manoeuvre all the time, they can programme these units to do what they require, press a switch and leave it to the computer to drive them. Thus the directing staff can manoeuvre a convoy, insert a submarine, or an aircraft, or shorebased missiles, in fact anything that their ingenuity can devise.

The whole playing area covers 2,048 square miles and is all displayed on vertical panels where all the tactical movements are recorded so that spectators can watch the progress of the battle.

A very useful innovation is a

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THE NAVY



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HELICOPTER-DESTROYERS FOR THE ROYAL AUSTRALIAN NAVY

By Cadet Midshipman G. J. DICKKENBERG, R.A.N.

This article is a further reply to the feature by Mr. R. J. Hallett which appeared in the May-June-July, 1968 edition of "The Navy", page 25. Mr. John Mortimer also replied to the feature, see page 63. August-September-October, 1968 edition.

Drawings reproduced were prepared by the author

article on helicopter-destroyers for the R.A.N. I would like to make the following points and suggestions.

Mr Hallett assumes that the age of these ships is not too great to make such a conversion worthwhile, and it is here that my first doubts in this project exist. He is going to build virtually new shins from them, but is going to keep in them the machinery that has already gone through twenty years' service.

In addition he is going to alter their appearance dramatically, to make these vessels appear new and modern but this expensive change achieves little in the way of their self defensive and detection capabilities. After all, the purpose of these conversions is to supply a relatively inexpensive source of new ships. He is devoting a very large amount of money to equipping his ships with the latest in submarine detection equipment and yet his armament lacks our best anti-submarine weapon, the IKARA Admittedly, he intends carrying helicopters, however these are not the effective weapon IKARA is. especially in heavy seas. In addition, he hopes to carry two of these aircraft, large SeaKing helicopters, no mean task considering their size and the limited room available on these ships. On re-reading his article I seriously doubt the feasibility and worth of such a conversion.

If we are to refit these ships to such an extent, why not build new vessels altogether, a move that appears to me would cost little more and leave us with a far greater lifespan to expect of these

for the refit to include the fitting of the IKARA system. We cannot possibly hope to carry two SeaKing helicopters and must either reduce Dimensions: this to one or adopt much smaller. less effective aircraft.

As to the problem of increasing the size of the R.A.N., I can see several solutions. We could for instance order or build a number of the new escort ships such as the Leander Class frigates, ships which are ideal for anti-submarine work and more importantly, ships which meet our limited manning ability. On the other hand, we could still modify to a limited degree our Battle class destroyers and type 15 frigates.

Within these limited conversions I would have these vessels equipped with the IKARA missile system and a helicopter. The modified ships could be expected to emerge from refit as follows: BATTLE CLASS DESTROYERS

Dimensions:

- Length 379' Beam 40'
- Draught 13'6"
- Aircraft: 1 SeaKing Helicopter
- Weapons: 2 MK X Mortars
- 2 4.5" Dual purpose guns
- I Ikara launcher
- 2 Seacat launchers
- 2 40mm A.A. guns

The Ikara launcher would be situated in B gun position with its to carry some system of long range magazine below it. The seacat detection, some of this in the form launchers would be on either side of helicopters, and the best the of the hangar with their director on Allies can supply in the way of lop of the hangar and their maga- anti-submarine weapons.

In reply to Mr R. J. Hallett's ships. If indeed we wish to make zines below it. The MK X mortars. these vessels worthwhile submarine would be under a retractable sechunters we must make provision tion of flight deck and the two 40mm Bofors would be abaft the flight deck.

TYPE 15 FRIGATES Length 358" Beam 36' Draught 13' 6" Aircraft: I SeaKing Helicopter Weapons: 2 MK X Mortars 1 Ikara launcher 2 Seacat launchers 3 40mm A. A. guns The layout of the type 15 frigates would be very similar to that of the Battle class destroyers, except for the absence of the 4.5" gun. The third Bofor in this case would be located For'ard of the superstructure. The unfortunate fact about the type 15's is their

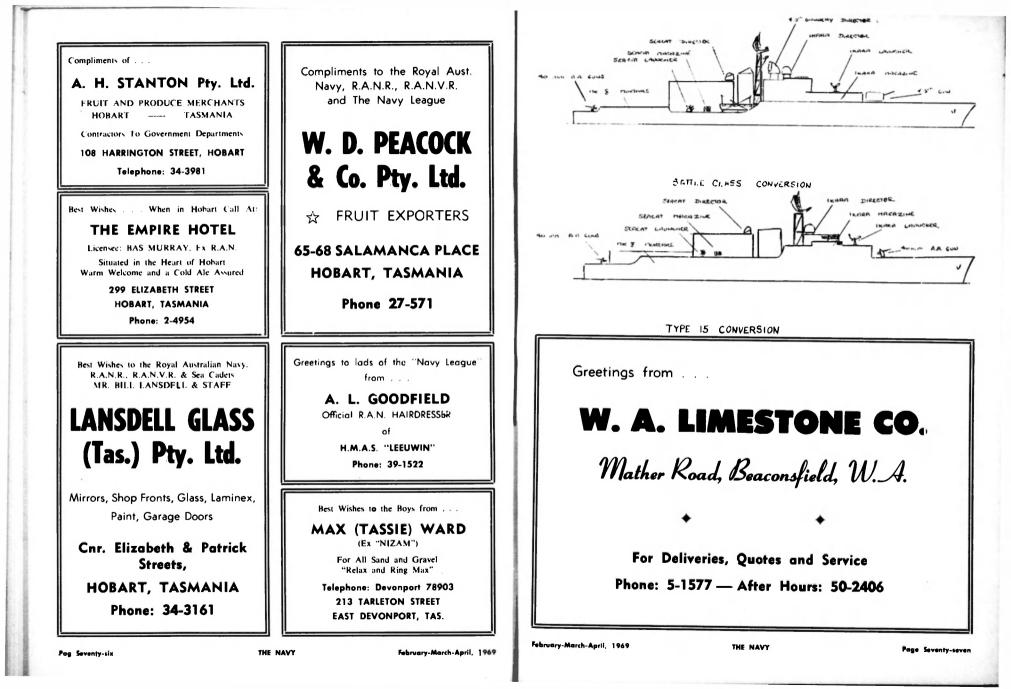
lack of defensive armament in the way of guns and surface to surface capabilities. The three Bofors are hardly sufficient as defensive weapons, however, sacrifices must be made and calculated risks taken to ensure the maximum efficiency of these ships as anti-submarine vessels. Whether or not the Australian

Navy needs expanding and whether or not these old ships are worth converting is a matter for the Naval Board and Government to decide but I do believe it is important for ships of today's navies

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Italian Navy comes up with another First

Italy is showing quite a lot of inport fighter aircraft, designed and operating VIOL aircraft.

The Italian Navy has already proved to its satisfaction that a torpedoes in two triple banks. Their VTOL aircraft can be operated from quite a small cruiser. This was when a Harrier completed a two- high-pressure superheated steam to and laid down VTOL aircraft in day demonstration, watched by two sets of double-reduction geared ships of her size and type were Italian Service chiefs, with a verti- turbines aggregating 60,000 shaft hardly envisaged. With a standard cal landing on the small helicopter horse power and turning two shafts, displacement of 7.500 tons increased platform of the Italian guided-missile-armed escort cruiser Andrea have a capacity of 1.100 tons of oil designed to carry nine A/B 240 B Doria, which has a displacement of fuel, giving them a range of 6,000 ASW helicopters, with a conseonly 5,273 tons standard and 6.426 miles at a speed of 20 knots, and quently larger flight deck aft, spontons full load and the flight deck withal they have accommodation for soned out from her beam. She is

terest in the Harrier, the world's Duilio, were designed to carry four portmanteaux of all the military first operational VTOL close-sup- A/B 204B ASW helicopters, and in propensities. If ships of this size and addition to the substantial hangar conventional appearance can also built by Hawker Siddeley, and, just abaft the after funnel quite a lot operate a VTOL aircraft it wants as the Italian Navy was the first was contrived on ships of the size. little imagination to envisage only navy in Europe to have a cruiser With an overall length of 4891 feet a slightly larger ship with the capaarmed with missile launchers, so it and a beam of 561 feet they are city for carrying VTOL aircraft looks like being the first navy in armed with a twin launcher forward designed and built in from the start. Europe to have a ship capable of for Terrier surface-to-air guided missiles, eight 3-inch anti-aircraft guns and six 12-inch anti-submarine propelling machinery comprises four Veneto, is being completed, al-Foster Wheeler boilers supplying though at the time she was designed equal to a speed of 31 knots. They to 8,850 tons at full load, she was

She and her sister ship, Caio handsome ships might be called

A bigger G.M. cruiser

Actually a bigger Italian guidedmissile-armed cruiser, Vittorio of which is only 981 by 521 feet. 53 officers and 425 men. These obviously even more suitable to



The HARRIER VTOL lands on ANDREA DORIA

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smaller half-sisters. She has an cruiser Giuseppe Garibaldi, for overall length of 5571 feet with a launching medium-range ballistic beam of 631 feet, and has an extra missiles comparable with Polaris deck from the break of the fore- tubes of which provision has been castle to the transom thus giving a made for four. She also mounts deck-head of the hangar below and guns and two triple tubes for antialso of the quarter deck open to the submarine torpedoes. Her propul-She has thus taken her helicopter that in the Andrea Doria class but stowage and servicing below decks with more powerful turbines of like an aircraft carrier, instead of which is the usual practice in cruisers, destroyers and frigates. But 550 officers and men. from the after funnel to the forecastle she is still very much a cruiser, and she has the same punch as-in fact a little better than-Andrea Doria and Caio Duilio.

Vittorio Veneto is also very much a missile ship. In addition to her twin Terrier guided-missile launcher forward which is also capable of launching anti-submarine rockets (Asroc) (the combined mounting also being known as Aster), she is, according to official information, placement of 9,800 tons standard equipped with experimental arrange- and 11,335 tons full load with a cruisers.

operate VIOL aircraft than her ments, similar to those in the larger heavier battery comprising four 5.3higher flight deck which is also the eight 3-inch single dual purpose Trieste, but the plans were modified counter and the stern on both sides, sion plant is basically similar to to give a hybrid amphibious cruiser. 73,000 shaft horse power designed out of the new construction cruiser as an addition to the superstructure for a speed of 32 knots. And the programme, while the design is becomplement has been increased to ing re-cast. It is said that if she

First surface-launched I.C.B.M.

Giuseppe Garibaldi was converted from an orthodox cruiser into a surface-to-air guided-missile ship. with a twin Terrier launcher in 'X' position, and she also has four large vertical tubes aft in 'Y' position for launching inter-continental ballistic missiles, the first ever mounted in a surface ship. But she is a bigger ship than Vittorio Veneto with a dis-

inch guns and eight 3 inch antiaircraft pieces.

A sister ship of Vittorio Veneto was projected, to have been named to provide for a better ship and later the specifications were changed The building of this ship has been halted for the time being, and taken materializes she will be even more of a carrier than Vittorio Veneto. She is expected to be a helicopter carrier and commando ship in the full sense, but with a missile armament. She will turn out at at least 10,000 tons and could possibly operate a flight of VTOL aircraft.

The potentialities of this type of helicopter-cruiser for operating VTOL aircraft have doubtless already been realized by the planners and constructors responsible for the conversion of the British Blake-class

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